HUBBUCK'S
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UCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly
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THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,225—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1894.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
B.I.s. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	17th Nov.
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	24th "
B.I.s. CARTHAGE	5013	1200	M. de Horne	1st Dec.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	8th "
B.I.s. GANGES	4396	800	T. Creery	15th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	22nd "
B.I.s. ORIENTAL	5065	1200	L. Moule	29th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
B.M. CALEDONIA	7568	2750	W. B. Andrews	12th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	19th "
B.I.s. PENINSULAR	5045	1200	R. F. Briscoe	26th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Feb.
B.I.s. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	9th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	16th "
B.I.s. CARTHAGE	5013	1200	M. de Horne	23rd "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Mar.
B.I.s. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. J. Nantes	9th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	16th "
B.M. CALEDONIA	7568	2750	W. B. Andrews	23rd "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	30th "
B.I.s. ORIENTAL	5065	1200	L. Moule	6th April.
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	13th "

TUESDAY, 5 P.M.

Ex.M. PENINSULAR 5045 1200 R. F. Briscoe ...16th April.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

B.I.s. SHANNON	4189	800	F. Crewe	20th April.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	27th "
BML CALEDONIA	7568	2750	W. B. Andrews	4th May

The Steamer marked Ex. M. is a special through steamer to London calling at Marseilles.

The Steamers marked B.I.s. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

The Steamers marked B. M. proceed to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

The steamer marked B.M.L. proceeds to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Masagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the Afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

PENINSULAR, 29th Nov. | SUTLEJ, 13th December.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 29th Oct., 1894.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	C. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Dec.
IMPERATOR	C. Hochbinger	4,119	750	1st Jan. '95.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
GISELA	A. Mitis	4,233	350	9th Dec.
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,873	650	9th Jan. '95.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE Or VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

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STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
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Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras, and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

C. ZANELLA,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Nov. 9th, 1894.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA, Calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.

S.S. SINGAPORE ..... 12th December, 1894.
S.S. R. RUBATINO ..... 9th January, 1895.

Rates to Naples, Genoa, Brindisi or Venice:—

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Rs. 550.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS.

1st class, Strictly within three Months, Rs. 750; six Months, Rs. 900; nine Months, Rs. 925; and twelve Months, Rs. 950.

Passengers have the Option of going ex Venice and Return via Genoa or vice versa, and can Break their Journey at any Port, resuming it by Subsequent Steamers of Bombay or other weekly and daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to London on Application.

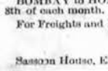
BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 8th of each month.

For Freights and Passage, &c., Apply to

E. C. BARBORO,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 15, 1894.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1894-95.



MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY, beg to intimate that their HAND-BOOK, containing full particulars of the various Steamship Companies' arrangements for the Homeward Passenger Season, 1894-95, is now in course of distribution; and intending Passengers who may not have received Copies are invited to apply either to Bombay or to Calcutta, when the omission will be at once Rectified.

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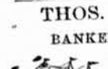
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.



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S.S. "DWARKA," 1,694 tons, on the 18th November, at 2 p.m., or thereafter, on arrival of Incoming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 20th Nov., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* POREBUNDER AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S.S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the 17th November, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on the 22nd Nov., at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CHYEBASSA," 2,644 tons, on the 22nd Nov., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

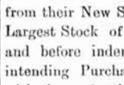
FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 22nd November, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 16th November, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

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Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

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PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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FOR SALE.

ONE Compound Condensing Wheel Gear STEAM ENGINE, H. P. Cylinder 32½" and L. P. 50" Dia., Stroke 5 feet, working at 700 I. H. P.

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OLD IRON RAILS.

THIS Company has for SALE about 5,000 Tons of Double Headed OLD IRON RAILS.

Particulars relating to the same, and Forms of Tender, may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.

Tenders must be addressed to the Agent of the Company, and lodged at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, before 1 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, the 9th January, 1895.

The Company reserves the right to reject any or all of the Tenders.

A Deposit of 5 per cent. will be required on the acceptance of Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 9th November, 1894.

THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES,

MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.,

(MANAGER:—W. W. JOHNSTONE)

Can now Supply

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS

from their New Stocks. We hold, by far, the Largest Stock of RELIABLE Seeds in India, and before indenting elsewhere, would ask intending Purchasers to compare our Prices with those of other Firms. Notwithstanding the enormous Fall in Exchange and the recently imposed 5 per cent. Import Duty, we have made No ADVANCE on the Prices in our

1893—94 CATALOGUE

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VEGETABLE SEEDS IN COLLECTIONS,

at Rs. 5-8; 8-8; 12-8; 20-0; and 50-0.

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at Rs. 2-0; 3-0; 4-8; 5-8; and 10-0.

All Collections CARRIAGE and PACKING *free*.

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TRY:—Mussoorie Prize Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.

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The only place for Comfort and Cleanliness, and every Room open to the Westerly Breeze.

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High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

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7. Pranks of Rope Dancers.
8. A Visit to a Village Pottery Work—a Potter at his Work.
9. Flakes of Snow on the Peaks of the Himalayas.
10. A Village near Calcutta—a big Well under Palm Trees.
11. Girl Labourers Cleaning Corn.
12. The "Sea Queen" on Sale in the Bay.
13. The Toddy Drawers in their Uniforms.
14. Sunday Afternoon Picnic under Date Trees.
15. A Waterfall on Way to Calcutta.
16. Flora Fountain and the Cathedral School.
17. Parsees in European Dress Shooting in Poona.
18. Lucknow Beauties.
19. A View of a Jungle in N.-W. Provinces.
20. A Lake Scenery near Mysore.
21. Pride of Engineering in India—a Reversing Station.
22. Victoria Terminus Railway Station.
23. Do. Side View.
24. Crawford Market.
25. A Taboot Procession near a Mosque in Bombay.
26. Rajabai Tower and Bombay University Buildings.

Up-Country Order carefully executed when Accompanied with Cash. Annas 10 per Card.

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REAL MANILLA CIGARS,

"FLORA DE LA ISABELA."

KNOWN TO BE EXCEEDINGLY PLEASANT AND DELIGHTFUL.

Imperiales	in Boxes of 25	with silver foil.	Rs. 8 0	per box.
Primo de Rever	" 25	"	6 8	"
Regl. Antonio Lopez	" 50	with ring	11 12	"
Non Plus Ultra	" 50	"	9 8	"
Exquisitos	" 50	"	7 8	"
Princesses (small size)	" 50	"	5 8	"
Neuvo Habano Especial	" 100	"	6 8	"
Do. do. No. 1	" 100	"	5 8	"
Do. do. No. 2	" 100	"	5 0	"
Do. do. No. 3	" 100	"	4 8	"

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

[ESTABLISHED IN ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, 1852.]

C. N. TOCOS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-CLASS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

PURVEYORS TO
H. R. H. THE KHEDIVE,
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF NAPLES,
AND, BY SPECIAL CHARTER,
SOLE PURVEYORS TO THE ITALIAN REGIE.

IN consequence of the increase of our Export Trade with the further East, and in order to release our Customers of the troubles and expenses in getting their supplies from Egypt, we have decided to OPEN an AGENCY in INDIA and appoint

MR. D. MACROPOLO,

of BOMBAY and CALCUTTA, Sole Agent

For the SALE of our famous CIGARETTES. In placing before our numerous friends the Specialities of our Cigarettes, we would call their attention to the fact, that they are prepared from the finest Turkish Tobacco, specially to keep in hot climates, under the direct supervision of an Expert of 30 YEARS' experience of the Indian climate, while their qualities and delicate flavours are too well-known and appreciated to need special remark.

In thanking our Constituents and the Public in general for their generous and candid support, we beg to request that in future they should address their kind orders direct to Mr. D. MACROPOLO, Bombay or Calcutta.

C. N. TOCOS & CO.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

D. MACROPOLO,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

LADIES' WATCHES.

AS a SOUVENIR there is nothing that a Lady appreciates better than a *GENUINE* GOOD WATCH. The better the class of Watch the longer will the Receiver have reason to remember the Donor. The main object, therefore, of a Souvenir can only have the fullest effect when the Article presented is of unquestionable good Manufacture. A so-called cheap Watch, or a substitute for a well-manufactured Watch, would vitiate entirely the idea and intentions that a Souvenir carries; and, indeed, it is not fair to impose on the recipient by the presentation of a Watch of doubtful make, not only a great deal of trouble and inconvenience, but the expense that keeping such a Watch in order would entail.

We Guarantee that the PRESENTATION WATCHES offered by us will keep the most excellent time and wear well for

FIFTY YEARS,

and longer if reasonable good care be taken of them and if they are periodically overhauled by a practical Watchmaker, once in two, or most three years, after about which time a Watch invariably requires cleaning.

SILVER WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 35, Rs. 40, Rs. 45 and Rs. 60.
Hunting Cases ..... Rs. 30, Rs. 45, Rs. 50 and Rs. 65.
Half-hunting Cases ..... Rs. 45, Rs. 50, Rs. 55 and Rs. 70.

GOLD WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 60, Rs. 85, Rs. 95 and Rs. 120.
Hunting Cases ..... Rs. 75, Rs. 110, Rs. 120 and Rs. 140.
Half-hunting Cases ..... Rs. 85, Rs. 120, Rs. 130 and Rs. 150.

GOLD REPEATER WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 500.
Hunting Case ..... Rs. 550.

CHATELAINE WATCHES—
Silver ..... From Rs. 70.
Gold ..... From Rs. 350.

LADIES' FANCY WATCHES—
We have a large family of fanciful disguises, beautifully jewelled in Gold. For Details we must refer you to our Watch Catalogue, to be had on Application.

WRISTLET WATCHES—
With Leather Straps, the Watches in Silver and Gold first detailed may be w... Wristlets in curb web-work, spring catch and other Fancy Designs. Silv... from Rs. 50; Gold, from Rs. 210.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 10 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1893.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1883	87,18,240	16,45,648	53,22,048
1893	1,12,88,095	31,43,000	1,56,11,360

It will thus be seen that in Ten Years the Net Premium Income has nearly doubled, while the Funds show an Increase in a still larger proportion, which is a most convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE and MARINE RISKS.

Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

FRIENDS in England should not be Forgotten at any Season of the year, much less at Christmastide.

What more Welcome Present could be thought of than a Hamper of

REALLY CHOICE CIGARS,

SUCH AS THE FAVOURITE

"BAHADUR!"

Orders NOW BOOKED for Delivery to any Part of the United Kingdom, FREE of all Charges to the Recipient.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,

McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

NOVELTIES
IN MILLINERY.
IN STRAW GOODS.
IN FLOWERS & FEATHERS.
IN RIBBONS & LACES.
IN TRIMMINGS.
IN HOSIERY & GLOVES.
IN CLOAKS & ULSTERS.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

SODA WATER MACHINERY

AND ALL
APPLIANCES UNEQUALLED FOR RELIABLE & ECONOMICAL WORKING.

BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LTD.,
ANCOATS, MANCHESTER; 146, MINORIES, LONDON;
AND 81, ROBERTSON STREET, GLASGOW.
Catalogues and full particulars on application to their Agents:
Messrs. LEIGHTON & Co., MADRAS.
MR. F. W. SHALLIS, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NAME OF
COOKE is as FAMOUS
In the Circus World as that of Irving in the Theatrical Firmament, and the present Representative is in no way inferior to his predecessors.—VIDE *Ceylon Independent.*

COOKE'S CIRCUS,
Recently Arrived in India after a Successful Tour of the Continent, America, and South Africa,
Received on all hands with
UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM!
Lady and Gentlemen Riders of Repute,
Lady Acrobats, Lady Gymnasts,
Lady Clowns, Lady Ring Mistresses,
A CLUSTER OF BRILLIANCY!
A GALAXY OF BEAUTY!!
The Celebrated COOKE FAMILY in their ACROBATIC ENTERTAINMENT.
MR. GEORGE.....England's Jockey Rider.
MR. HERCULES.....The European Man of Strength.
An entirely new form of entertainment for India.
MISS PAULINE.....The graceful Serpentine Dansense.
INFANTILE WONDERS ..A host of Merry Clowns and a Combination of Artistes.
Providing one of the Best 2-hours' Entertainment EVER SEEN IN THE EAST!!!
A Peerless Stud of Performing
THOROUGHBREDS and VALUABLE HORSES,
Representing Breeds from all Parts of the World.
THE ONLY TRAINED CAMELS in the World!!
A CLEVER YOUNG ELEPHANT:
A Veritable Marvel.
EDUCATED BABOONS,
From the Mountains of Africa.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
(In Bombay),
MONDAY NEXT, 19TH NOVEMBER, AT 9 P.M.
THE MAGNIFICENT NEW TENT.
Landed in Bombay from Europe 3 days ago, will be erected on the OLD CIRCUS SITE, Opposite the Municipal Office.
LEADING FEATURES of COOKE'S SHOW:
"COMFORT." "REFINEMENT."
"ORDER." "EXCELLENCE."
PRICES FOR THE MILLION:
Dress Circle.....Rs. 2 | Carpeted Gallery ..Re. 1
Unreserved Chairs .. .. 2 | Gallery .....As. 8
PLAN at Soundy and Co.
Door Open at 8-15. Overture at 9 P.M.
Carriages should be ordered for 11-15.
SOLE OWNER.....MR. FRED. COOKE.
MANAGER .....MR. W. A. SANDERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CARGO from China, per s. s. MALACCA, has been TRANSHIPPED at Colombo to the B. I. S. S. "CHYEBASSA," expected here on SUNDAY MORNING, the 18th instant.
Applications for DELIVERY of CARGO should be made on MONDAY next, at the P. and O. Company's Office, Rampart Row.
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, 17th November, 1894.

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

A CONCERT in Aid of the Funds of the SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE will be held in the TOWN HALL on the AFTERNOON of THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at which the Orphanage Children will Sing. Several Ladies and Gentlemen have kindly promised to Assist.
Further Particulars will be published at an early date.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,
FRERE ROAD, PRINCE'S DOCK.

AN ENTERTAINMENT in Aid of the Funds of the Institute will be given on TUESDAY, the 20th November, at 9 P.M., when several well-known Amateurs have kindly promised their Assistance in a Programme containing two most amusing Farces. The Programme will be published later.
Admission: Reserved Seats, Rs. 2; Unreserved, Rs. 1. Tickets can be had at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Messrs. S. ROSE and Co., and from the MANAGER, Seamen's Institute.

NOTICE.

NARAYEN KEROBA BHENDE, Manager of the Temple of Shree Laxmee Venktesh, near Bazar Gate, in Borah Bazar Street, Fort, requests the Attendance of all the Hindus at "RATHA JATRA," which will take place TO-DAY, SATURDAY, the 17th November, 1894, between 5 and 11 o'clock in the Evening, at the usual place.
Bombay, 16th November, 1894.

'XMAS CARDS!
'XMAS CARDS!!
'XMAS CARDS!!!
IN GREAT VARIETIES,
From As. 2 to Rs. 7 each.
MORENAS & COMPANY,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

NOW READY.
"BOMAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THE MAZAGON SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Road, on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 P.M., to confirm the following Special Resolution, passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 7th instant:—
That Clause 12 of the Articles of Association of the Company be and the same is hereby Rescinded, and the following Clause be Substituted in its stead:
"12. If a Certificate be Worn Out or Spoiled, it may be Renewed either free of charge or on payment of such fee as the Directors shall from time to time direct."
By Order of the Board,
For the Mazagon Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ld.
D. M. PETIT SONS & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 16th November, 1894.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, upto 2 P.M., on MONDAY, the 14th Day of January, 1895, for Constructing a New Building for the Accommodation of the BHOOLESHWAR MARKET and SCHOOL.
2. Form of Contract may, on payment of Rs. 5, be obtained from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.
3. Tenders must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 7,000, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in Cash, or Public Securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the Contract.
4. A further payment to make the total Deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.
5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
M. C. MURZBAN,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 14th November, 1894.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

Appointed by Government.
W. C. SMITH,
M. I. Painters London and S. Australia.
CONTRACTOR to the Byculla Club;
Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
PAINTER and HOUSE DECORATOR.
OIL COLOR and VARNISH MERCHANT.
READY MIXED PAINTS
made to any shade.
BLUNDELL'S PETRIFYING LIQUIDS for Damp Walls and other Special Purposes
RED, WHITE and TRANSPARENT.
Imported Direct to
W. C. SMITH,
47, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
AT ALL HOTELS.
AT ALL STATIONS.
AT ALL RESTAURANTS.
Permit no substitution.
Established in Bordeaux and London in 1826, and in INDIA in 1843.
WINES
OF ALL RETAILERS.

NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAKWOOD BOARDS.

TENDERS are Invited for the Supply of 100 Tons of 3" TEAKWOOD BOARDS.
Specifications and Forms of Tender can be obtained from the Undersigned.
Tenders, which must be on the Company's Form, sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000, will be received by the Acting Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 P.M. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 21st November, after which hour no Tender will be taken.
The Deposit will be held by the Company as Security for the due and proper fulfilment of the Contract, and in case of failure on the Contractor's part, the Railway Company may cancel the Contract, and forfeit the Deposit without the necessity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction.
The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 25th October, 1894.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
MISCELLANEOUS STORES (COUNTRY PRODUCE).

TENDERS are invited for the Supply of MISCELLANEOUS STORES (Country Produce), &c., required by the Company during 12 months, commencing 1st January, 1895.
Tenders on the Company's Form (to be obtained from the Undersigned), sealed, superscribed, and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 100, will be received by the Agent, at his Office, Victoria Terminus, upto 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 5th December, 1894, after which hour no Tender will be taken.
The Deposit will be held by the Company for the due and proper fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which on the Contractor's part will entail forfeiture of the Deposit without the nece-sity of proving any absolute loss by the transaction, and the Railway company may cancel the Contract.
The Agent reserves the right to accept any one Item, or more, without reference to others in the same Tender, and does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 12th November, 1894.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the FIFTH SESSIONS of 1894 of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on TUESDAY, the Twentieth Day of November instant, at 10 o'clock, in the Forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, had, done, or committed, within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done or committed, by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.
And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.
And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.
And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators, and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 1st Day of November, 1894.
COWASJEE HORMUSJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned invites Tenders for Steamers, Ships, Steam-boats, Cotia, Bagala, Jahaz, and Pathaymari, to carry Singareni Coal as below for a period of one Year commencing from 1st January, 1895, to 1st January, 1896.
1. From the Port of Musulapatam or Cocanada to Colombo, 1,000 Tons monthly, for 12 months.
2. From the Port of Musulapatam or Cocanada to Cuddalore, 1,000 Tons monthly, for 12 months.
3. From the Port of Musulapatam or Cocanada to Nagapatam, 100 Tons monthly, for 12 months.
4. From the Port of Musulapatam or Cocanada to Tuticorin, 500 Tons monthly, for 12 months.
Tenders can be sent in for the Whole of the above Consignments or for any Part of them.
Separate Rates should be quoted for Freight only: Also for Freight, including Loading and Unloading at the respective Ports.
Tenders will be received by the Undersigned until the 1st of December next.
HAJEE SUJUN LALJEE,
General Coal Contractor of the Hyderabad (Deccan) Company, Ld., Secunderabad.

NOTICE.
THE BOMBAY NATIVE PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, will be held in the Association Hall, Shaik Memon Street, on SUNDAY, the 18th instant, at 1-30 P.M., to transact the following business, viz:—
1. To re-consider the Resolutions passed in the year 1884 regarding Salesmen of Importing Houses.
2. To consider the Application made by Messrs. Owen and Okell to join the new Freight Contract.
MAWJEE PREMJEE TULSIDASS,
Bombay, 13th November, 1894. Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.
THE BOMBAY NATIVE PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Dealers, being the Members of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, have Entered into a new FREIGHT CONTRACT with the Manchester, Bombay and General Navigation Company, Agents Messrs. Forwood Bros., London, for Carriage of all Piece-goods indented or purchased by them or on their account from Glasgow, Manchester, and other places in Great Britain and America, to Bombay from 1st January, 1895, to 31st December, 1896, The Rate of Freight is 16 Shillings and Six Pence per Ton from Glasgow to Bombay, and 20 Shillings per Ton from Manchester, &c., to Bombay, with 10 per cent. Primage in each case. From and after the said Date the words, DEALERS STEAMER, DEALERS LINE OF STEAMERS, and other similar words in Contract entered into or hereafter to be entered into by the said Dealers will have reference to the said Line of Steamers only.
All Firms ordering, indenting, shipping or contracting to purchase Piece-goods in any place in Great Britain and America, on behalf of the said Dealers, are requested to Ship the said Goods from and after 1st January, 1895, only in a Steamer belonging to the said Line of Steamers, and none others, and are Warned that failure to Ship the said in the said Line of Steamers shall Constitute a Breach of Contract on the part of the said Firms.
MAWJEE PREMJEE TULSIDAS,
Bombay, 13th November, 1894. Honorary Secretary.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY (Limited).
[ESTABLISHED IN 1871.]
Registered on the 21st March, 1871, under Act X. of 1866.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
(who must also be Policy-Holders):—
D. GOSTLING, Esq., Architect, Chairman.
Dr. ATMARAM PANDURANG, G.G.M.C., Medical Practitioner.
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJI JOSHI, Esq., Superintendent, Government Central Press.
ALLAN F. TURNER, Esq., Solicitor, High Court, and Coroner of Bombay.
FRANK A. SPENCER, Esq., Assistant Secretary to Government, Political Department.
J. F. VAZ, Esq., late Superintendent, Military Department, Secretariat.
MEDICAL REFERREE:—Surg-Major ANDERSON Opposite the Byculla Club.
BANKERS: THE BANK OF BOMBAY.
OFFICE:—9, CHURCH GATE STREET.
FUNDS Invested solely in Government of India Securities, Bombay Port Trust, and Municipal Bonds.
The Society was started in the year 1871 by seven subscribers, who paid One Rupee each, i.e., a Capital of Seven Rupees. By careful and economical management the

CAPITAL, accumulated from Premia, now amounts to	Rs. 3,28,500
CLAIMS PAID	1,41,500
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME	25,855
NUMBER OF POLICIES ISSUED	415
NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE	244
ASSURING	6,32,500

Although the number of members is small, the Accumulated Funds as compared with the Liabilities are unusually large, being larger in this respect than those of any other Indian Office. These Funds in which new members share in proportion to their payments belong entirely to the Policy-holders.
RATES as Low as those of any other company.
MANAGEMENT entirely controled by Policy-holders, in whom it is vested by the Articles of Association.
PROFITS not diverted to Shareholders, but retained for the benefit of the Policy-holders.
POLICIES taken out for the Whole Term of Life, but payments of Premia limited to EXPECTATION OF LIFE.
SHORT TERM POLICIES issued on the most Advantageous Terms.
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE given.
Full Particulars and Forms for taking out Policies may be obtained from
F. L. McAFEE, B.A.,
Secretary.
2, Church Gate Street, 1st September, 1894.

MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.
SURPLUS STORES
AND
PLANT FOR DISPOSAL.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive Offers for the purchase of the following Machinery and Plant *amongst others* which are available for Sale to the public at about Half their original value:—

Portable Steam Cranes to lift 3 tons and 5 tons.	Hydraulic Jacks to lift 60 tons.
Steam Hoist No. 13 to lift 35 cwt.	Improved patent double action Air Pumps with Helmets and Breast Plates, Diving Dresses and Under-Clothing, &c., for Divers, and various other Machinery.
Steam Hoists to lift 2 tons.	
Pulsometers, Nos. 6, 7 & 8.	
Ship's Steam Winch, Bull's, Bell's and Wild's Dredgers.	
Crab Winches, double, to lift 3, 5, 6 and 12 tons.	
Air Locks fitted with Caps 9" diameter, &c., &c.	

General Stores and Tools of Varied description are also available at very Low prices. Complete List of the articles with prices, and other particulars may be obtained on application to THE GENERAL STOREKEEPER, Rayapuram.
LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.
Madras, 10th July, 1894.

NOTES:
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.
Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 207 Military Messes and 61 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	London.
JOHN HARVEY AND SONS.	Bristol.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
POL ROGER AND Co.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
PERINET ET FILS.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
DESBORDES ET FILS.	Avize.
COLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES.	Cercue.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
Jos. DIETZL.	Budapest.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREEN & Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
FRANK BAILEY & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.
Price List on Application to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 45,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE:
ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
EWEN CAMERON, Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

LONDON,	HONGKONG,	SHANGHAI,
AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	HUOLO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent, per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,99,000.
Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY and RAWALPINDI.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS.
CAPITAL CALLED UP .....Rs. 10,00,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES ...Rs. 6,99,635
BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.
FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months, 5 per cent.; 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
PRUDENTIAL FUND—Terms may be ascertained on application.
STERLING DEPOSITS—4 per cent. per annum on Money awaiting remittal.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS—2 per cent. per annum on balances over Rs. 250 and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Approved Security.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES arranged.
Every Description of Banking Business Transacted.
Full information and Rules furnished on application.
(By order of the Board)
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay Office: Esplanade Road.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,109,875
PAID UP CAPITAL	£554,907 10s.

HEAD OFFICE, 65, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.
BRANCHES & AGENCIES:

BOMBAY.	GALLE.
CALCUTTA.	SINGAPORE.
MADRAS.	HONGKONG.
COLOMBO.	SHANGHAI.
KANDY.	

Edinburgh Deposit Agency (129 George Street), Messrs. C. & D. Pearson, C. A., Agents.
Glasgow Deposit Agency (23, Renfield Street), Messrs. Hamilton & Baird, Agents.
The Bank Negotiates and Collects Bills and Grants Drafts Payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank Receives Deposits on the following Terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the Minimum Monthly Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 100,000. Sums over Rs. 100,000 will be received on Terms to be ascertained on Application.
FIXED DEPOSITS,
on which Interest is allowed as under, viz.:—
If fixed for Six Months.....4 per cent. p. a.
Do. Twelve Months .....4 per cent. "
Do. Two or Three Years .....4½ per cent. "
Deposits are also received for Shorter Periods, the Rates for which can be ascertained on Application. The Bank will effect the Purchase or Sale of Indian or other Securities, receive Pay, Pension Dividends and Interest Free of Charge if the Moneys are remitted in its own Drafts. The Bank undertakes the safe Custody of Indian Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of Government and other Banks, &c., and receives Interest and Dividends on the same on the following Terms:—

If paid in India.....Commission	¼th per cent
On Delivering up Government Paper or Shares from Safe Custody	¼th "
On Paying Proceeds or Sale of Government Paper or Shares in India	¼th "

R. KENNEDY,
Manager.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 140,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY NEWERA ELYA, MANDALAY, ZANZIBAR AND ADEN.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no Interest is allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 Months received on Terms to be ascertained on Application.
For Shorter Periods at Rates to be learned on Application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

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WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.
This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces owing to long residence in India, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.
Dr. De Roos' Medicines are sold by all the Principal Chemists and Merchants in India. Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sale of extra profit.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.
DR. DE ROOS
COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful Patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages. 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'
PILULÆ VITÆ, OR
VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Indigestion, Billiousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, pimples, blotches, boils, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.
Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

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Debilitated and nervous young men should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of a Postal Order for one Shilling by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand-court, Holborn, London, W.C.

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"PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.
The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.
Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."
Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."
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194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS

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CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
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SOLUBLE FRUIT ESSENCES
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SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR
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BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LIMITED,
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STAMPED ON THE SOLES.
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REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

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ALL PERSONS having a knowledge of PITMAN'S SHORTHAND will hear of something to their Advantage by sending their Name and Full Address, clearly written, to SIR ISAAC PITMAN and SONS, 1, Amen Corner, London, E.C. Non-Shorthand writers should lose no time in acquiring this Valuable Art, because all who can employ it will find its practice both useful and profitable in every walk of life. Buy the Phonographic Teacher of R. A. BAGOON, Bombay, and ask for List of Prize competitions.

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AN ATLAS OF INDIA. Containing Sixteen Coloured Plates of Maps and Plans of Cities. Size, 14 by 12 inches. With Historical and Statistical Letterpress by

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	s. 10 per. ct.	Rs. 1,224
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	1 per. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 per. ct.	1,135
Commercial & Ld. Mge	(5,000 / 2,000 / 3,000	100 / 100 / 100	75 / 10	10. p.c.	162 xd / 115 xd / 50 xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	60 nl
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	29
National Bank of India	140,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	240

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	246
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	do.	

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly		
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,375
Albert Gilming	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,010xd
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil	227½
Bhownagar City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld	550	250	250	45	315
Bombay Cotton Brearl's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld	1,000	125	125	15	141½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	183
Colaba	500	1,200	1,200	20	225
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,270
Enclish Press and Manfg.	426	200	...	20	106½
Fort	1,600	8,500	500	80	1,250
French	399	500	500	25	400xd
Harvey and Sabnabhy	450	450	450	30	490
Hingbolt Press Co. Ld	700	100	100	12	110
Khanzaum	240	450	450	30	400xd
Mahnva Press Co., Ld	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	53	120
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	131½
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Nil	370
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	15	215xd
New Berar	1,200	500	500	25 pr. ct.	515
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11½	125
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25	469
Sabapathy (Behary)	500	500	75	20	480
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	585
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,200xd
Sind	400	2 000	750	50	530
Soral Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	19
Surat City Press Co., Ld	375	200	all	16	200
Vakeel	...	1,000	100	90	1,095

AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

			Half yearly		
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	30	550
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	44
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per ct.	305
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	900	1,000	1,000	20	750
Bombay Manufacturing Co	900	500	500	20	395
Bombay Spinning and Weaving Co	600	500	500	25	610
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	20	615
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	25	490
Davrl Mill	1,400	500	500	15	380
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,260
Empress	2,100	500	500	25	560
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	418
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	45	725
Hingungbat Mills	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough's	1,500	500	500	25	555
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	55	1,090
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	15	360
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,275
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	25	575
Jaffer Ali	600	500	500	Nil	365
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	7½	115
Jeevraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	955
Jubilee Mills Co, Ld	600	1,000	1,000	20	200
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	Nil	689
Khanga and Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil	825
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	750
Leopold	3,500	100	100	10	165
Lord Reay Mills	445	1,000	1,000	15	700
LukmidasSpinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	1,012½
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,800
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	325
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	153½
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,832½
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	Nil	102½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	2,098
Mubaraja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	...	...
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	12½ 20	440
Oriental	3,725	625	625	Nil	485
Proprietary Mills Co (Ld)	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,175
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	660
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	30	950
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	50	1,335xd
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	...	1,475
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	640
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	165
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	10	377½xd
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	12½	195
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	210
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	15	555
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	2000	1,000	1,000	50	550
Venkatshunker Lakhmishankar C. Mill Co, Ld	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	120
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	715
Wadia Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	...	200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500

MISCELLANEOUS.

			Yearly		
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	10	115
Backlay Baths				7½	
Badhan Pile	500	50	50	12	40
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	5,000	100	100	10	115
Do. New Issue.	1,000	2,500	1,500	30	5,200
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld	500	375	625	75	1,310
Bombay Land and Building Co, Ld	1,250	100	100	3	70
Bombay Flour Mill	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Deccan Ice Co. in Liquidation	1,000	500	500	50	1,500
Deccan Paper Mills	1,170	100	100	Nil	5nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co Ld	1,500	200	200	20	250
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	2,800	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
John Roberts & Co	5,000	100	100	10	17
Kemp & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Kurrachee Landing	4,000	200	175	21	320
Mahamood Manufacturing Co	500	500	300	30	180
Manicks & Co., Ld	3,500	100	100	Nil	10n
Napier Hotel Co	4,000	100	100	10	125
Napier Foundry	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Oriental Govt Security Life Insurance	1,000	100	200	...	60
Phillips & Co., Ld	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	168xd
Port Canning Co	4,000	100	100	7	97
Prince of Wales Fire In	8,000	1,000	1,000	20	465
Soundy & Co	250	8,000	1,000	No dvd.	2,350
Treacher & Co	1,000	100	100	9	60
Treacher & Co	2,000	500	25	60	1,905
Telephone Co	1,500	100	100	Nil	30
	9,200	25	100	1	23½

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 18
Caroline	„ 201 nom.
Mexican Dollars	„ 190 nom.
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	„ 13-11 Napolean
Bar Silver	„ 93-11
Gold Leaf	„ 28-9
Bar Gold, English (touch)	„ 28-11
Bar Australian	„ 28-8
Bar Bombay	„ 28-9
Bar Pekin	„ 27-1 3

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three-and-a-half per cent	101 11-16
Municipal 3 percent. Debenture Loans	130-123 and 122
New French Loan 3 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	99½ nom.
Four per cent. Port Trust end	106

EXCHANGE

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 1d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 1 7-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight		1s. 1 9-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do.	1s. 1 5-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 11-32d.
Do. Credits	4 to 6	do.	1s. 1 11-32d.
do. do.	6 to 8	do.	1s. 1 13-32d.
Documents	3 Do.	do.	1s. 1 7-16d.
do. do.	4 Do.	do.	1s. 1 7-16d.
do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 9-16d.
do. do.	8 Do.	do.	1s. 1 5-8d.
Bombay	900	500	900 15 500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000 Nil 120
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000 ... 715
Wadia Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000 ... 200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000 ... 500

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

B. V. A., Commanding Officers' Parade.

Professor Howard's Lecture on the "Art of Reckoning," Bori Bunder, 4-30 and 8 p.m.

The Adjourned Special Meeting of the Medical Profession, Grant Medical College, 4 p.m.

Aryan Social Union Lecture, the Peoples' Free Reading Room, Fort, 8-30 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Clan MacIntyre entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Shannon left the dock yesterday.

SHARDEN LECTURE SERIES.—The second lecture of this series will be delivered to-day at 5-30 p.m., at the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, by Mr. Wasudev Gopal Bhandarkar, B.A., LL.B. Subject "Why are we here?"

THE BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.—The honorary secretary of the Bombay Art Society asks us to state that intending donors of prizes for the annual exhibition to be held in February, 1895, should communicate with him not later than the 23rd instant.

OBITUARY.—Mr. Vishnu Narsingrao, a Hindu contractor, who has done work for the Municipality for the last twenty years, was suddenly taken ill some eighteen days ago, and died on Wednesday evening, at his residence, at Babula Tank Road. The deceased was forty-eight years of ago.

SERIOUSLY INJURED BY A FALL.—Dawood Ebram, a Mahomedan lad, aged nine years, residing with his parents, at Doctor Street, while playing on the balcony on the first floor of the house, accidentally fell on to the road, a distance of about thirteen feet, sustaining injuries to his head, and, it is believed, fracturing his skull. The boy was removed to the J. J. Hospital and detained for treatment.

BURGLARY AT SUPAREE BAUG ROAD.—Cassiram Fakeera, a dhobie, residing at Sooparee Baug Road, in a room on the ground-floor of a chawl, has reported to the police that during his absence from home on Thursday afternoon, some one entered the room through an open window, broke open a box, and stole therefrom gold and silver ornaments, currency notes, and cash, of the aggregate value of Rs. 110.

R. C. CATHEDRAL (BHULESHWAR).—This evening there will be solemn vespers in honour of our Lady of Holy Rosary, followed by benediction, at the Roman Catholic Cathedral, at 6-15; after which there will be a pyrotechnic display. The Cathedral (mixed) choir will sing. To-morrow will be celebrated the feast, solemn high Mass commencing 10 o'clock. The Cathedral (gentleman) choir will render Farmer's Mass.

ESCAPING FROM A HUSBAND'S ILL-TREATMENT.—A 3 o'clock, on Thursday morning, Kolsum, a woman aged about eighteen years, residing with her husband, at Bhundaree Street, jumped from the window of her husband's room on the first floor of the house on to the road below, a distance of about fifteen feet, to escape, it was alleged, from the ill-treatment of her husband. The woman was removed to the J. J. Hospital, but as she sustained very slight injury, she was allowed to go home after treatment.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of of Lieut.-Colonel B. S. Luard and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers Rifle Corps, will play the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30 p.m.:—

Quick March	The Secret ... G. Grech.
Aria	Die Grossfurstin ... Flotow.
Waltz	Die Werber ... Lanner.
Selection	Marino Faliero ... Donzetti.
Gav-ite	Willkommen ... Kluss.
Polka (Galop Time)	Fritsch Fratsch ... Kuhner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE FIGHT STOPPED.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning two Portuguese, named Domingo Caitan Gama, and Santan Fernandez, aged 28 and 26 years, respectively, residing in a cowry, in Mandvi, were conveyed to the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital, suffering from injuries received by their falling out of a window into a gully, a distance of about twenty-feet, while fighting together under the influence of liquor. Both sustained internal injuries, one being picked up in an unconscious state. Fortunately for the drunkards their fall was broken by a zinc roof about twelve feet below the window.

MISCHIEF BY A RUNAWAY HORSE.—On Thursday evening, a groom, named Bhana Rama, employed in the service of Mr. Runchordas Tribhovandas, residing at Gowalia Tank Road, after fastening his master's horse to an iron tress-elwork door, went to fetch a bucket of water. The animal in the meantime took fright and bolted along the road, taking with it a part of the door. The horse in his mad career injured four persons, viz., Mrs. Manechai Byramji Adenwalla, Mrs. Manecksi Byramji Banaji, Mr. Rustomji Pestonji Marker, and a Purdesee, named Chuttaroo Ramdeen, causing them slight bruises about the legs, face, and body. Mrs. Manechai Adenwalla reports that she lost a gold net-work, purse, containing Rs. 10 or Rs. 12 in cash at the same time.

A DISHONEST SON.—On Wednesday afternoon, Mr. Bhimrao Atmaram, a partner of Messrs. Nanabhoy Byramji Jeejeebhoy and Company, agents to the Ripon Mill, handed over in police custody a Hindu, named Wamon Govind, aged twenty years, and charged him with having in his possession five gold ear ornaments and two gold necklets, collectively valued at Rs. 430, which Wamon was suspected to have stolen from the house of his father at Damapoor, in the Ratnagiri District, afterwards absconding to Bombay. At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, acting Superintendent Saunderson charged the lad before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, with committing the offence. Mr. Saunderson after stating the facts of the case informed the magistrate that Mr. Gell, acting Commissioner of Police, received a telegram yesterday morning from the authorities at Damapoor, stating that the accused was wanted there as he had stolen property, valued at Rs. 995, from his father's house. The magistrate ordered the accused to be sent to Damapoor in police custody.

ENTERTAINMENTS.—The free lectures in the tent, at Bori Bunder, on "Howard's Art of Reckoning," by the author Mr. C Frusher Howard, F. S. S. C. of London, have attracted large audiences every evening this week, and as the merits of the new, simple, and ingenious methods of arithmetic become better known the interest and appreciation increases. We notice that the audiences consist largely of professors, teachers and students from the various schools and colleges, and clerks from Government and mercantile offices, persons well educated, and possessing a very high average intelligence, who—after witnessing his black-board illustrations—give the best possible evidence of their appreciation of Mr. Howard's work by their eagerness to purchase his new "Art of Reckoning." Residents and visitors to Bombay on the look-out for something novel and instructive are recommended to take a walk any evening between 4½ and 6, or between 8 and 10 o'clock to the tent, near the Gaiety Theatre, and they will assuredly find something to amuse and instruct them: they will in fact witness, and if they will learn to use marvellously rapid methods of making commercial calculations.

BIRTH OF A PRINCE.—A Bansda correspondent writes:—Vala Rani Saheb of Sayala, the third queen of Pratabsinghjee, the Raja of Bansda, gave birth to a prince, on Tuesday night, the second day of the bright half of the month of Kartika, Samvat 1951 and 30th October 1894. On this occasion of joy the Raja released some prisoners, and lessened the period of imprisonment of others; and also presented a sum of Rs. 2,500 in public water construction at Surat. The religious rites of Barabalia were observed with great pomp on Saturday, 10th November. After observing the rites the prince was named Natsnarsinghjee. At the time of birth as well as at the time of giving a name guns were fired, and a band and other musical instruments were played. Sugar was distributed to all the inhabitants of Bansda at their houses. All the boys and girls of the schools assembled in the palace compound and were given sugar; and the palace rang with auspicious songs, poems, and cheers. In the evening kucheri was held in the grand hall of the palace, at which the custom of *chavlio* giving was observed by some men from other Rajsthan as well as by the people of Bansda State. Sugar was also distributed, and presents of golden ringlets and paghadi sheia were made to bards for the poems especially made for the occasion, and presents in cash were given to others by the Raja. After which attar and pan-supari were distributed, and the kucheri was dismissed. The next day, all the officers and other servants as well as all the Brahmins and others were invited to dinner, and the Brahmins were given a good dakshina.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.—The friends and sympathisers in Bombay of the late *Commendador* Cosme Caridade de Souza, President of the Municipal Commission of Bardez, dedicated a solemn *Officium Defunctorum* on Thursday preceded by a *Requiem* mass in the morning in the National Church of Dabul. A large catafalque was erected in the middle of the church draped in black. Numerous candles illuminated the mournful scene. The service presided over by his Lordship the Bishop of Damaun commenced at 6 p.m. There were present the Portuguese Consul General, Drs. da Cunha, da Gama, Gonsalves, Viegas, Mr. Luis de Souza, pleader, and all the principal members of the Portuguese community in Bombay. A good orchestra was in attendance, and the service was concluded at 8 p.m. by his Lordship performing the last absolution. Mr. Julio Minezes standing on the steps in front of the church delivered a touching speech in which he brought forward the important services the deceased had rendered to his country in various responsible posts. He was not born with a silver spoon in his mouth, but by personal exertions carved out for himself an honourable career. The late Mr. de Souza belonged to a popular party in Bardez, was one of the traders, and his unselfish patriotism had secured him the respect and sympathy of all. He was modest in success and good-tempered in defeat. The province of Bardez for a quarter of a century was represented in the house of deputies by Government nominees, but when some two years back it was proposed to send to Parliament a native of the country, he embraced the idea and worked for it enthusiastically bringing forward resources at critical moments, that astonished his friends, and disheartened his opponents. Mr. de Souza has been mourned at Goa, and it was but right that his countrymen in Bombay should also show their grief by publicly honouring his memory.

AN ABORTIVE ABKARI PROSECUTION.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, two Hindus, named Keshow Ramji and Pandoo Cushaba, were charged at the instance of Mr. A. F. Newell, Abkari Inspector, before Mr. E. Wilkin, acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with selling two bottles of toddy without a license from the Collector of Abkari, on Wednesday evening, in an cart at Sewree. It appears that about half-past six o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Mr. Newell acting on information received proceeded to the police chowkey near the bunder of Sewree, and having searched the persons of two sham purchasers, gave one of them nine marked copper coins and two empty bottles with instructions to go to the accused in the cart and purchase toddy from them with those coins. Immediately after the purchasers had left to carry out their instructions, Mr. Saji, abkari sub-inspector, followed them, and stood behind the hut watching their movements. Two bottles of toddy were purchased and the marked coins were handed over to No. 1, who passed them to No. 2. At this juncture, Mr. Raji rushed into the hut and caught hold of No. 2 by the hand. In the meantime accused No. 1, it was alleged, picked up a chatty full of toddy, and threw it off the verandah, breaking it into pieces, and spilling the contents. Mr. Newell in company with a sub-inspector and a policeman, then entered the hut, a punch was summoned, and on a search being made, the marked coins were found in the hands of No. 2, while pieces of broken chatty and half a bottle of toddy were found in the hut. Both the accused pleaded not guilty. The magistrate, in disposing of the case, said that he felt it impossible to think otherwise than that the evidence before the court was the evidence of accomplices. There was an arrangement between all the witnesses to go to the hut of the accused and get them to sell toddy. The evidence was, therefore, worthless standing alone, and his worship could not see that there was a particle of corroborative evidence in the shape of surrounding circumstances. Bottles of toddy, it was true, were produced as also marked coins, and pieces of an earthenware chatty but their production went no further than to prove that toddy and money were on the premises, and the court could not accept the production of the marked money, stated by an accomplice to have been found in the hands of one of the accused as corroborating the evidence that it was paid to the accused for the toddy. The magistrate, therefore, acquitted the two accused.

GOA NEWS.—His Excellency the new Governor-General was received at Panjim on the 4th instant with all the honours due to his high office. All the military force was drawn up before the Government House and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired. The Chief Secretary and the Chief Justice received his Excellency at the door, and on entering he was met by the Patriarch and the Presidents of the Government Council. Large crowds of people had assembled to see his Excellency. In the evening of the 7th instant, at 4 p.m., the usual oath at the Convent of Bom Jesus was taken under the salute, and at 7 a state dinner was given at the palace at Panjim at which some 60 guests, mostly official, were present. Some superstitious natives think that it augurs ill for his Excellency's administration that the flag was wrongly raised on his arrival. His Excellency landed at Cabo instead of at Panjim. The word Cabo in vernacular is called *Cobarwhich* means finished. So the Hindus say his Excellency has commenced the Government where it should have been finished.—A proclamation has been issued in which his Excellency says that his government will follow the lines of policy marked out by his illustrious father.—His Excellency Vasco Guedes, the late Governor-General, is reported to be seriously ill.—The earnings of the West of India Portuguese Railway for the week ended, on 27th October, amounted to Rs. 7,627, against Rs. 10,780 for a corresponding period last year.—On the 9th instant a boy of ten years was knocked down by the down train at Sanvordem, he was removed to Marmagoa hospital where he died.—The election of Mr. Christovao Ayres for Ilhas has been approved by the Verification Tribunal in Lisbon.—Within three days the collection of town duties at the Pangim Custom House in favour of the Ilhas Municipality amounted to Rs. 9,000.—The feast of St. Francis Xavier will after all take place on 3rd December, provincial ecclesiastical council being held the same day.—The ordinary session will take place at the new patriarchal palace at Panjim, and the extraordinary one at the see at old Goa. The proceedings will be carried on with closed doors. The Government Council have suspended the new municipal taxation *ad velorem* until further orders.—On Monday, the 5th instant, his Excellency the Governor General visited Pangim, and carefully inspected the the fountain Phenix which his father had constructed Mr. T. X. De Mello public notary, deliberately shot a young boy of ten years, son of Mr. da Cruz at Penda. The ball penetrated the dorsal bone as far as the throat. The boy was brought to Margaum and is under the care of Dr. F. X. de Souza. It is said the act was prompted by a grudge which the notary had against the father of the boy.—The Progressist Party of Bardez have collected a large amount to commemorate the memory of their late leader Mr. F. Salvador Pinto.—The Municipal Corporation of Bardez have recorded their deep regret at the death of Mr. C. C. D'Souza, their late President.—Mr. Cupertino de Frias, a public notary, has been arrested on the criminal charge of making a false declaration.—The Municipal Elections will take place to-morrow (Sunday). A tough struggle is anticipated in Ilhas where both parties are working hard.—The custom receipts for the month of September last in Portuguese-India amounted to Rs. 18,683 of which Damaun and Diu contributed Rs. 3,000.—The publication of *O Crente* will in future be made in Pangim and not at Rachol. It will be edited by priests, under the direction of the Patriarch Archbishop.

LECTURE ON ZOROASTRIANISM.

ERVAD DARAB, son of Shums-ul-Ulma Dustoor Peshotun Sanjana, a high-priest of the Parsees of Bombay, delivered a learned lecture on the origin of the Zoroastrian religion, in the premises of the Hormarjee Wadiaje Fire Temple, Girgaum Road, on Wednesday evening. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Bart., G.S.I., presided. There was a crowded audience in the large hall and in the surrounding verandahs. Amongst those present were Dustoor Peshotun Sanjana, Messrs. Framjee Jejeebhoy, Framjee Dinshaw Petit, Cowasjee Curs-etjee Jamsetjee, Jamsetjee Bomonjee Wadia, Khurshedjee N. Wadia, K. R. Kama, P. Kaikaria, K. H. Alpaiwala, J. N. Unvala, Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Furdonjee Jamsetjee Parakh, R. J. Paruk, Furdoonjee M. Banajee, E. R. Reporter, N. Dadabhoy, &c.

Sir Jamsetjee, in introducing the lecturer, highly eulogized his learning, saying that as a linguist he stood pre-eminent among Oriental scholars. He was a graduate of the Bombay University, holding the degrees of B. A., and knew Pehlvi, Zend, French, German, and Persian, and had obtained a gold medal for his proficiency in one of the ancient languages, and held certificates in modern languages from the most learned savants of Europe. He was a teacher of the Pehlvi language in the Sir Jamsetjee Madressa as a colleague of his learned father.

Ervad Darab then said that the Zoroastrian religion was the first in this world, having been inspired by God about 5,000 years ago, and their prophet propagated its doctrines, on which all subsequent religions were founded. The lecturer then pointed out that the Gathas, or sacred writings, contained the pith of the doctrines propounded by Zoroaster, the prominent points being the stern exercise of virtue by man, a clear conscience, the observance of truth, and avoidance of all evil thoughts. On the text of these doctrines the learned Ervad dilated, illustrating his arguments by the various impulses of the human heart, and impressed his hearers with the belief that prayers to God were efficacious in so far as one did not seek for worldly aggrandisement, or for wealth or for power, but only for the good and welfare of mankind. The lecture was given in plain language so as to make it intelligible to the public, and was listened to with wrapt attention.

Mr. K. R. Kama proposed a vote of thanks to the lecturer. Mr. R. P. Karkaria seconded the proposition, and in doing so, called upon the wealthy portion of the Parsee community to encourage such lectures and discourses not only by Mr. Darab, but by others well versed in the sacred writings of Zoroaster, who had prosecuted their studies in the Sir Jamsetjee Pehlvi Madressa; and concluded by exhorting his co-religionists to get standard works on the religion translated into Gugerati for the edification of the people.

Mr. K. H. Alpaiwala proposed, and Professor J. N. Unvala seconded, a vote of thanks to Sir Jamsetjee, for his able conduct in the chair, after which the meeting dispersed.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

*Miss Anson, Kolhapur
*Capt de Wilton
*Capt and Mrs Wapshare, Hingoli
*Miss Hicks, Hingoli
*Mr E Clements, ICS, Thana
Mr and Mrs W Thompson, Calcutta
Capt R Nicholson, I S C, Mhow
Mr and Mrs Deguirmedjian, England
*Miss Nicholson, England
*Mr C E Samuels do
*Mr and Mrs F Wright, ICS do
*Hon'ble J F Fleet, ICS, CIE do
*Mr S E J Clarke do
*Major and Mrs Bignell do
*Surg-Major Gimlette do
*Mrs Lugard do
*The 3 Misses Lugard do
*Mr Lugard do
*Mr and Mrs H F Weston do
*Mr M Lawrie do
*Mr & Mrs R Filgate do
*Mr R G Collins do
*Mr and Mrs J McIver, Poona
*Mr C D Swinhoe, Poona
*Lieut E Gunning-Jones, Bellary
Baron Von Dedem, Europe
Mr C R Rose, Khandalla
Lieut A J Harward
Mrs H Hervey, Ratnagiri
*Mr and Mrs T F Graham, Europe
Mr W H Keys, Poona
Residents left during the week marked thus (*).

*Mr and Mrs J Macpherson, Simla
*Mr E O Mawson, Poona
Miss G M O'Dowda, Meerut
Rev N H Russell
Rev F H Bussell
The Misses Patterson, Punjab
*Mr H F Beale, Poona
*Mr and Mrs G Falconer-Taylor, Kundera
*Mrs J Blair, Surat
*Mr and Mrs Stephen-Jacobs, ICS, Simla
Mrs Phillip Jacobs, Surat
Mr S B Sen, Hyderabad
Rev F D Shaw, Mangalore
*Lieut J C Perkins, Poona
Surg-Col C Eaton, Bombay
Mr P M Roberts do
Mr J Watson do
Mr J Kersten do
Mr S Dhanjikian do
Mr Ashjian do
Mr H B Smith do
Mr C W Carson do
Mr J Milne do
Mr J H Robinson do
Mr R S Spalding do
Mr J R Lees do
Mr J Neilsou do
Mr H Ziegler do
Mr H Crane do
Mr N Mitchell do
Rev A B Watson do
Mr C Nesbit do
Mr J J Robertson do
Mr S Kiddle do
Mr A E Goll do
Mr E Scarpa do
Mr A G Christiansson do
Surg-Major Maconachie, Bombay

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

NOVEMBER 16.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Tenerife, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.
Cable Z-nzibar-Mombassa interrupted.
Cable Sierra Leone Acora interrupted.
Turkish route interrupted between Fao and Musreh.
Madagascar and Reunion mail closes at Mauritius at noon on Friday, the 23rd instant.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

WHAT CONSTITUTES "OFFENSIVE" WATER.

IMPERATRIX VS. GULABDAS BHAIDAS.

THIS was a reference of the proceedings, as well as an application for revision of a decision, of Mr. A. L. M. Wood, first-class magistrate of Surat, who, on the 8th August last, convicted the accused, a police officer of Surat, of contravening section 54 of Bombay Act 2 of 1884, and fined him Rs. 25. Mr. Jardine with Mr. G. M. Tripathi and Messrs. Malubhai and Jamietram, appeared for the accused.

The accused was prosecuted by the Municipality for a nuisance in the shape of foul water running out of a drain on to a public street. The case had been fought, the magistrate said, as an episode in a well-known feud between the accused and the house of Kirparam Dalji, and had been spun out to a great length. The magistrate could not doubt the existence of the nuisance, which was testified to by the Sanitary Superintendent, the inspector, and the neighbours. The mouth of the drain was under the threshold of the back door to the accused's compound.

Mr. T. S. Hamilton, Sessions Judge of Surat, in his reference to the High Court, remarked that the offence was not proved against the accused, and he recommended that the conviction should be set aside. The offence held proved against the accused was that of allowing foul water to run out of his drain on to a public street. In the first place, Mr. Hamilton could find no evidence that any nuisance was caused by the alleged flow of water. According to the section, the water flowing must be "offensive." But it is to say that it must be something more than mere dirty water. The witnesses spoke of the water as being dirty and the Sessions Judge was of opinion that the magistrate's finding was wrong. The road on to which the water was flowing was a public road, not a public road, and Mr. Hamilton was unable, in the face of the evidence, to understand how the magistrate could have held it to be a public street.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in giving the court's decision said: We concur with the Sessions Judge in holding that neither the evidence nor the findings justify a conviction under Section 54 of Bombay Act 6 of 1873. The magistrate was satisfied that the water complained of was foul. But there is no finding or evidence that it was "offensive," and the courts may not enlarge the meaning of that word so as to include mere waste or dirty water. Assuming this definition of street, in Bombay Act 2 of 1884, we think the magistrate should have considered the judgment in Kalidas vs. the Municipality of Dhunduka, I. L. R., 6 Bombay 685, interpreting the older definition. The Court annuls the conviction and sentence.

The court annulled the conviction and sentence, and directed return of the fine, if levied.

"PERVERSE" VERDICT OF A THANA JURY.

IMPERATRIX VS. SHAMBHUGIR PANDUGIR.

THIS was a report of proceedings by Mr. J. J. Heaton, Sessions Judge of Thana, before whom and a jury the accused was charged with voluntarily causing grievous hurt with a sickle to his wife on the 16th August. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty of the offence with which the accused was charged, but guilty of causing hurt, not with a deadly weapon, and after great and sudden provocation. The Sessions Judge differed from the verdict and referred the case for the orders of the High Court, he being of opinion that a conviction under Section 324 of the Penal Code and a sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment would sufficiently meet the requirements of the case.

The Sessions Judge, in charging the jury, said the accused admitted striking his wife with a sickle. It was for the jury to decide whether the accused intended to cause grievous or simple hurt only. The woman was laid up for over twenty days; but the jury had to consider not only the result but the intention. The only serious wound was one on the neck, and it was not properly attended to till the morning of the 16th August, the wound having been caused on the 13th.

The jury unanimously found the accused

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GOLD and SILVER WEALEMEFNAS.—The Wealemetna for measuring the distances on Charts and Maps with accuracy, with Watch Chain attachment. Most useful. Gold, Rs. 20; Silver, Rs. 10.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

DAILY IMPROVEMENTS are being made in SEWING MACHINES, and OURS are with LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, and Complete with Accessories Best Wood-Work, &c.—THE SINGER Co., Bombay.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJI PERSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! Our Celebrated, the "Unteachable." With linen fittings. Rs. 40 the Dozen. Superior make and finish.—BATLIBOI and VIRJEE, Opposite the Novelty, Bombay.

FLOWERY, EXTRA FINE and UNSORTED ORANGE PEKOE, at Rs. 1-4 and 1-2 per lb., respectively. FRESH CONSIGNMENTS, with other Select descriptions of TEAS from General Younghusband's Celebrated Garden in the Kangra Valley. Flavor Choice, Purity Guaranteed.—22, Church Gate Street, Bombay, MORTON MAJU and Co.

FOR SALE.—Cheap Consignment of Assorted CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS. Artistic and New Designs. Address "W. B.," care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—One She PANTHER, two years old. Tame and in good condition. For particulars apply to MANAGER, Apollo Bunder Hotel, Bombay.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of Mr. A. CRAIGIE'S Valuable Furniture, Piano, etc., at Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, THIS DAY, at 1 P.M.

HIGH GROWN CEYLON TEA.—ROSE ORANGE PEKOE, Rs. 1-12; Rose Pekoe, Re. 1-8; Pekoe, Re. 1-4; and Pekoe, Re. 1 per lb. The daily increasing Demands for these Teas prove their Superior quality Orange Pekoe and Moderate Prices.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., Tea and General Merchants, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

PEARSE & Co., Sirdar's Palace, Fort, Bombay, have REDUCED their PRICES for Flour Beef. Fresh Ground Pure Coffee, per lb. Re. 1-2. French and Coffee per lb. As. 14. Flour in 7 lbs. tin, As. 14 only. Coffee, p

BAMBOO ART FURNITURE.—Just Backed, a Splendid Consignment of these, Mounted Uns Fayence Plates, beautifully Decorated.—LAMP and with SHADE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, WAREHOUSE Road, 69, Esplanade

ON VIEW.—MR. R. C. LEES' Bona-fide Sale of Valuable Furniture, Piano, Saddles, Garden, Aviary with Birds, Victoria, &c., at Woorlee, opposite to Mama Arjani.

TO BE SOLD, at BENNETT'S Auction, on SATURDAY, at 1-30 P.M., one Bay and TO-DAY, both go in Harness, and Ridden by a Lady. 1 Grey ARAB, bo

WANTED, by an Experienced NURSE, EMPLOYMENT. Good at Needlework, Excellent Testimonials. Apply to "NURSE," care of this Office.

WANTED, for a Lady and Gentleman coming out in the end of January, for two Months, a Furnished BUNGALOW on Cumballa or Malabar Hill. Send Terms to "J. S. A." care of this Office.

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HAM, BACON and CHEESE, Cooked Ham, &c., can be had of JAMES Coffee, Sugar, Gilmanstores, (East side, opposite Royal Insurance Company. PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have stayed at this Hotel for a little over eight months and during the whole of that time I have received every attention from the Proprietor Mr. Pestonji and his Servants. The Accommodation is first-class and the Food Excellent for the Moderate Charges. I and I wish Mr. Pestonji the success he deserves.—M. MULLER.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, is a very comfortable, central and accommodative HOTEL on the Hill. It is open to the Westerly Breeze. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Terms Moderate.

GOOD STABLING TO LET, in best part of FORT, for one or two Horses and Carriage. Address "X.Y.Z," care of this Office.

LONAULL.—Furnished apartments TO LET. For particulars apply on the premises to J. J. KILLEN, Shamrock Villa.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 16.

THE dull state of our Produce Markets which has been chronic for a long time past, continued during the greater portion of the week under review; but latterly a much better feeling has prevailed, Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, having all become firm markets, with some upward movement in prices, and rather more enquiry from shippers. In our principal export staple, however, the new crop of which, in its most forward growths, is now biginning to come to market in small quantities, transactions have been confined to local consumers. Exchange has again been a quiet and tame market throughout the week, and rates, which have not varied much, but which have latterly tended downward, closed this evening steady at our quotations of a week ago. The Money Market is still very easy. Three and a half per cent. Government-Paper has advanced 5-16 per cent. Freights close steady at last week's rates; but Produce being scarce very little business has been done. Transactions in Imports are on a very small scale for the time of year, and prices tend in buyers' favour.

MONEY.—The plethora of Money in the open market which has prevailed of late appeared by the Statement of Affairs of the Presidency Bank issued on Monday to continue also to obtain in that financial institution, whose Cash Balance increased last week by 30¾ lakhs, making it stand at nearly 447 lakhs. This was due to the large addition of some 45 lakhs to Private Deposits during the week under notice; but there had again been a material increase though less than in the week preceding in Bills Discounted; and some increase in Loans which together reduced the net falling off in trade requirements to 33 lakhs, against a diminution of 24¼ lakhs in that direction in the previous week; the other noticeable items in the Return being a decrease of over 6 lakhs in Balances with other Banks; and Government withdrawals aggregating some 5 lakhs. Money continues to be as plentiful as ever; and the minimum rate of the Bank of Bombay remains at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened with a firm feeling on last mail-day at 1s. 1¼d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits; but the business reported either way was still limited. For near delivery we heard of a little Demand being given at 1s. 1 9-32d. and for next year's transfer of Telegraphic at 1s. 1 5-16d.; also three months' sight Bills at 1s. 1 7-16d.; but for near delivery there was nothing offering. The market opened quiet on Monday at 1s. 1 9-32d. for Telegraphic and Demand, for Bank Telegraphic, for near delivery, and at 1s. 1 5-16d. for the former medium, for February transfer onwards, a moderate amount of near Telegraphic having been done at the above quotation. For three months' sight Credits 1s. 1 3-8d. for November delivery was the quoted rate; 1s. 1 13-16d. for December; and 1s. 1 7-16d. for next yaar; but there were no Mercantile Bills offering; though sales of Telegraphic were reported at 1s. 1 11-32d. The feeling was quiet again at opening on Tuesday at 1s. 1 9-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits, with little or no business transpiring, beyond a little forward Telegraphic, reported at 1s. 1 5-16d. for next year's transfer. Calcutta rates came 1-32d. higher than here for ready business; but fell 1-32d. during the day, this market following suit. On Wednesday the market was again quiet at opening at the previous evening's closing rates for Bank remittance, say 1s. 1¼d. for ready Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and a little ready Telegraphic was given at 1s. 1¼d.; also for December transfer, at 1s. 1 9-32d. A fair amount of three months' sight Bills were placed for ready delivery, at 1s. 1 5-16d.; and Bank Demand and Telegraphic meantime receded to 1s. 1 7-32d.; but Calcutta quotations keeping firm throughout the day, rates here recovered slightly before the close. This morning the market opened at 1s. 1 7-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits, at which latter rate a moderate amount of business was reported; also private Telegraphic at 1s. 1 9-32d. for near transfer. From Calcutta, however, rates came about 1-32d. higher than those ruling here; and, later on in the day, 1-32d. higher for Demand was obtainable locally, and our transactions also of Bank Telegraphic at 1s. 1 9-32d. for December transfer was reported, the market closing steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	.....	1s. 1¼d.
Do. Telegraphic	.....	1s. 1 7-32d.
Do. 3 months' sight	.....	1s. 1 9-32d.
Do. 4 "	.....	1s. 1 5-16d.
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 11-32d.
Credits 2 "	.....	1s. 1 11-32d.
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 13-32d.
Do. 8 "	.....	1s. 1 7-16d.
Francs 3 "	.....	1s. 1 4d.
Do. 6 "	.....	1s. 1 9d.

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quiet but steady throughout the day last Saturday to the close at the opening rates of 103 5-16 for cash, and 103 1-8 for the settlement at end of the month for 3½ per Cents. On Monday the market opened rather lower than it left off on Saturday evening, say at 103¼ for Money, and 103 1-16 for Account for 3½ per Cents, and rates advanced therefrom in a steady market 1-16 to 1-8 per cent., closing, however, rather below the highest point touched, at 103 5-16, and 103 1-8 in the two positions, respectively. The market opened on Tuesday at the enhanced rates of 103 3-8, and 103 3-16, for 3½ per Cents for Money and Account, respectively, and further improved during the day to the extent of 1-8 per cent. higher, at 103 9/16 for cash, and 103 3/8 for the next settlement. On the following day rates opened at 103½ for 3½ per Cents for cash, and 103 5/16 for the settlement at the end of the month, the tone of the market having been steady, and an advance of 1-16 per cent. on these rates was quoted for a time; but at the close, the opening rates were named again in both positions. The market opened yesterday at 103 9-16 and 103 3-8 for 3½ per Cents for Money and Account, respectively, from which the cash price receded slightly, but ultimately more than recovered in a steady market, closing quotations having been 103 5/8 for cash, and 103 7-16 for the settlement. To-day the market has been steady again at a slight advance, our closing quotations for 3½ per Cents being 103 11-16 for Money, and 103½ for Account.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is unchanged at 125. Port Trust Bonds are ¼ per cent. lower, at 106¾.

SHARES.—While on some days during the past week this market has been quiet and steady, with quotations generally unaltered, on one or two others there has been a considerable upward movement in rates of Cotton Mill Scrip, resulting in the following changes compared with our quotations of a week ago:—Presidency Mill shares have advanced Rs. 190; Sholapore, Rs. 65; Lukmidas, Rs. 52½; Jamshed Manufacturing, Madras United, and China, Rs. 50 each; Queen, Rs. 45; Empress, Hyderabad, Khatao Mncunji, and Bombay United, Rs. 35 each; Soonderdas, and Mazagon, Rs. 30 each; Alliance, and Swadeshi, Rs. 25 each; New Great Eastern, Maha Lukshmi, Indian Manufacturing and Dhun, Rs. 20 each; Coorla, Framji Petit, Hindustan, Howard and Bullough, and Southern India, Rs. 15 each; Oriental, Bombay Cotton, Connaught, Colaba Land and Mills, and Morarji Goculdas, Rs. 10 each; Leopold, Rs. 5; and Anglo-Indian, Rs. 4. On the other hand, Jewraz Balloo have declined Rs. 25. In Press shares, Volkarts have advanced Rs. 25; Mercantile, Rs. 15; Munmar, Rs. 10; French, Rs. 5; Bombay Cotton, Rs. 3¾; and New Indian, Rs. 2½; while Albert of Kurrachee have declined Rs. 20. In Miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 200 higher for the first issue, and Rs. 45 for the others; Bombay Flour Mill have advanced Rs. 25; Treacher and Co., are Rs. 7½ higher; John Roberts and Co., Rs. 5; Kemp and Co., of Rs. 2; and Marcks and Co., Rs. 1½. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 20 per share during the week.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The injury caused by the late unseasonable rains is still being felt in the up-country markets; and the purchases of staple *Grey Goods* now being made on account of those markets are at 50 per cent. of the average. In view of such a gloomy state of things at such a generally active period of the year, dealers are quite demoralized for the time being, and until things improve they refuse to enter into any fresh transactions of importance—hence the paucity of Indents going forward. Rates are ruling in buyers' favour. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red*, and Printed goods, a small business has been done at current rates. The market for locally-made goods is thoroughly steady at fully current rates. Narrow widthsare scarce. Dhotees have attracted a good deal ofattention. Rates are advancing.

YARN.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been stedy, and a moderate business has transpired on the bis of previous rates. The fall of Cotton in America, the earlier part of the week has driven China buyers, both great and small, out of the market for *Local Spinnings*; and some of these buyers are tnking of re-selling at current rates. Calcutta has been enquiring for a few small lots of Nos. 21s and 22s. The sales for the week sum up about 1,000 bes; and the market closes quiet at the following oical quotations:—

Twist ...	...No.	Mule, As.	4 7-16 to	4½ per lb.
" ...	... "	8 "	"	4¾ " 4 9-16 "
" ...	... "	10 "	"	4 5-8 " 5 "
" ...	... "	12s "	"	4¾ " 5 1-8 "
" ...	... "	16s "	"	5 7-16 " 5¾ "
" ...	... "	20s "	"	5 11-16 " 5 7-8 "
" ...	... "	24 "	"	6¼ " 6 3-8 "
" ...	... "	30 "	"	6 7-8 " 7 1-8 "
" ...	... "	40 "	"	8¼ " 8¼ "

METALS.—Both *Copper* and *Yellow Metal* have been steady in one during the past week, with a moderate business passing, and the former has advanced in value 4 annas per cwt. *Iron* also is steady and unchanged in value and in moderate request.

COAL.—Large sales have been reported during the week. 3,000 tons of *Great Western Navigation Cardiff* sold at Rs. 17¾ per ton; and 2,000 tons of the same descriptions at Rs. 18 per ton; also 8,000 tons of Davison's from October to February shipment, at Rs. 16½ to Rs. 16 7-8 per ton. Forward sellers are very firm, and are asking half a rupee more than the above rates. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	.....	Rs. 17 per ton.
West do.	.....	" 18 "
Australian	.....	nil.
Powell's Duffryn	.....	" 19¼ "
Cardiff	.....	" 18 "
Japan	.....	nil.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—No business whatever in this staple has been reported for exporters' account during past week, and very little has been done by local spinners. The tone of the market was quiet and dull with prices declining a rupee or two per candy almost daily until yesterday, when under the influence of the improved tenor of advices from New York and Liverpool the market became firm and prices advanced Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy. The purchases by Mills for the week sum up about 3,500 bales consisting of Oomra descriptions, including a few small ready lots of the new crop Dhollera, Compta, and Dharwar. This evening the market closed steady, with prices, on the whole Re. 1 per candy lower than they were a week ago.

The arrivals of Cotton of the new crop into Bombay have been only 1,350 bales, compared with 12,000 bales received last season in the same time.

Monday morning's telegrams from the Cotton-growing districts reported a further fall of over 3½ inches of rain at Cawnpore in the Bengal circle (where picking had become general) since the middle of last week, and about ½ of an inch at Agra and Delhi in the same circle where, however, the weather had become bright with no sign of rain. At Beawar, where no more rain had fallen, Cotton-picking had commenced under much improved prospects. In the Oomra circle there had been a little more rain in the Oomravuttee and Khangaum districts alone, in both of which picking had become general, as it had also at Julgaum; while at Dhulia it had commenced with improved prospects; and at Barsee the plants were showing bolls rapidly ripening. In the Broach, Dhollera, and Dharwar circles, the weather remained bright and seasonable, and the Cotton crop continued to flourish in all.

The further advices to hand by wire yesterday morning however, reported a favourable change in the weather over the whole of the Cotton area, no further rain having fallen since the beginning of the week. In the Bengal circle, Cotton was arriving in small quantities at Agra, Delhi, and Beawar, the crop being stated to be an excellent one in the last-named district. Picking was general in most of the districts of the Oomra circle, and at Dhulia, Cotton was beginning to come to market. Seasonable weather still prevailed in the Broach, Dhollera, and Dharwar circles, and the crop continued to progres favourably under its influence.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per lb. Per candy—C. & F.
Bengal Fine January	Rs. 150—2 9-16d.
Do. F. G.	" 134—2 11-32d.
Do. Good	" 128—2 1d.
Belatee, Fine	" 155—2 11-16d.
Do. Fully Good	" 145—2¾d.
Khandeish, Fully Good, January	" 146—2¾d.
Oomra F. Good, January and Feb.	" 150—2 9-16d.
Dhollera, Fine, April	" 164—2 27-32d.
Do. F. G.	" 154—2 11-16d.
Do. Good	" 148—2 9-16d.
S G Dharwar, Good, May	" 158—2 13-32d.
Westerns " June	" 164—2 11-16d.
Broach Fine " March	" 177—3 1-16d.
Do. Good "	" 171—2 15-16d.

The arrivals of New Crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	1894-95. F. P. Bales	1893-94. F. P. Bales
Bengals	50	6,000
Berar	1,000	2,200
Khandeish	300	3,800
Total	1,350	12,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1894. Bales.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.
For the week	3,479	19,556	7,007
From 1st January to 15th Nov	1,552,239	1,598,102	1,942,335
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	1,033	4,809	1,003
From 1st January to 15th Nov	783,336	797,301	889,185
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	150	1,598	1,538
From 1st January to 15th Nov.	150,811	133,559	151,329

WHEAT remained quiet in tone during the greater part of the week under notice, with the usual small amount of business passing for shippers' account; but the feeling became steady yesterday, and a moderate export business was reported, while prices of *Pessy* and *Delhi* advanced one anna per cwt., making quotations stand as follows:

White Pessy, 91 per cent.	Rs.	3	14	0 per cwt.
Do. 88 "	"	3	12	6 "
Do. Old Delhi	"	3	12	0 "
Red Delhi	"	3	5	0 "
Hard Yellow	"	3	12	0 "
Red Ahmedabad	"	3	7	0 "
Hard Red	"	3	6	0 "

SEEDS were a dull market, with transactions for export upon a small scale at the end of last week, the price of *Linseed* declining one anna per cwt.; and thereafter the feeling was quiet, with a moderate enquiry from exporters for a day or two when the feeling became firm, and rates for *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* advanced 3 annas and 2 annas per cwt., respectively, our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-14-0 to Rs. 8-0-0 per cwt..
Rapeseed, Yellow Gnseed	" 6-0-0 to " 6-2-0 "
Do. do. Cawnpore	" 5-14-0 "
Do. Red do.	" 5-10-0 to " 5-14-0 "
Gingelly, White	" 42-0-0 per cdy.
Do. Mixed	" 40-0-0 "

The Comparative Imports of wheat and seeds are as follows:—

	1894. cwts.	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.
Wheat for the week	43,253	38,429	90,246
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	3,234,146	6,189,296	9,636,232
Linseed for the week	15,739	19,906	23,626
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	5,199,684	4,103,250	3,667,813
Rapeseed for the week	7,891	8,364	47,250
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	3,336,990	4,212,193	1,691,348
Gingellyseed for the week	24,904	47,612	37,893
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	895,565	1,175,352	1,040,105

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1894. cwts.	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.
Wheat for the week	832	5,000	34,500
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	1,555,048	4,634,894	8,931,179
Linseed for the week	49,924	23,556	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	5,229,906	3,918,365	3,520,877
Rapeseed for the week	56,036	4,604	1,004
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	3,205,321	3,967,369	1,544,237
Gingellyseed for the week	25,073	4,000	11,349
Do. from 1st Jan. to 15th November	941,464	1,214,855	1,017,661

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed easier. Surats dull.

Good Dhollera	2½

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	102 7-8
3 per cent. Reduced	103½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	110½
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	56 5-8
Bar Silver	28 15-16

The sum of about £600,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion £25,600,000, increase, £400,000; public deposits, £5,500,000

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

REPORTED REPULSE OF THE JAPANESE.

TIENTSIN, Nov. 15.

According to despatches received here, the Japanese endeavoured to capture the Chinese positions at Matienling. After severe fighting the attack was repulsed, and the Japanese utterly routed, the victorious Chinese troops pursuing the enemy for miles.

SEVERE FIGHTING EXPECTED AT PORT ARTHUR.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The Chinese are showing much activity at Port Arthur. The defences of the town have been greatly strengthened, and one hundred fresh guns mounted in the position. The Japanese expect the struggle will prove a sanguinary affair.

The number of rebel Tunghaks is increasing in South Corea, and the Corean soldiers are joining the insurrection.

REINFORCEMENT OF THE BRITISH SQUADRON IN CHINA.

The first-class twin screw Cruiser Gibraltar started for China to-day.

TREASON IN FRANCE.

WIDESPREAD SYSTEM OF ESPIONAGE.

PARIS, Nov. 15.

The enquiry which resulted from the arrest of Captain Dreyfus of the General Staff, on the charge of divulging State secrets to Germany and Italy, has led to the discovery of a widespread system of espionage in Paris for obtaining such information for foreign governments by the collusion of French officials. In connection with the conspiracy two Germans have been arrested.

THE FRENCH EXPEDITION TO MADAGASCAR.

PARIS, Nov. 15.

A Committee of the Chamber, favourably disposed towards the French expedition, has been elected to report on the special credits demanded by the Government on account of Madagascar. M. Dupuy stated that there was no question of the extension of the French Colonial Empire. The expedition was necessary as the only means of upholding the existing rights of France in Madagascar.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The British India Co.'s hired transport Dilwara arrived to-day.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The Duchess of Montrose.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, Nov. 15.

The s. s. Peninsular, with the outward English mails of the 9th instant, left here for Bombay, at noon, to-day.

THE BARODA COMMISSION-OF-ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, Nov. 16.

On the 9th October the prosecution formally demanded production by Mr. Bapat of his account books, Girdhar's samadaskats, and other papers; and the defence said they would produce them if any where found. On the first instant the court peremptorily ordered Mr. Bapat to produce papers by to-day. Accordingly Mr. Branson to-day demanded the productions of the papers when Mr. Khare said the man who was sent to fetch the papers had returned without them as none were found, and unless Mr. Bapat personally went they could not be produced. The court remarked that this explanation was lame, and as documents were not yet produced though so long a time had elapsed, the court must draw its own inference. Three witnesses in the Guja case were examined to-day.

THE RANGOON BRIBERY CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 16.

A Resolution by the Chief Commissioner has been published on the investigation into the conduct of two Native Inspectors of Police, charged with concocting false evidence. The Resolution says that it is impossible to believe that the case was concocted from the first, but it is clear that attempts were made afterwards to strengthen the case by Pakiri, one of the accused inspectors, and his sergeant. These two are required to show cause why they should not be removed from the service; as also another sergeant. The second inspector is held to be innocent, but he is reduced for failure to control his immediate subordinates. The District and Assistant Superintendents of Rangoon are censured for not testing the value of the evidence produced by native subordinates; and the District Magistrate is told to give a close and continuous attention to important cases. The Commissioner of Pegu is directed to see that a careful revision is made of Burmese headmen and elders.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 16.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Station Staff—Colonel Lugard, 2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment, acted as Colonel-on-Staff, Nusseerabad, in addition to his own duties from 17th September to 8th November inclusive, during the absence of Colonel Sartorius.

With reference to Army Order No. 326, of 1894, 2nd-Lieutenant Fagan is directed to proceed to join the 19th Bombay Infantry.

With the sanction of the Government of India the undermentioned Officers are seconded in their regiments whilst employed on special duty in Gilgit :—Captain de Vismes De Ponthieu, Wing Officer, 10th Bombay Infantry; and Lieutenant Edwards, Wing Officer, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers.

With reference to G. O. G. No. 556 of the 14th instant the undermentioned officer has been seconded in his Regiment.

With effect from the 27th August, 1894, Lieutenant Geoghegan, Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, on probation to be Wing Officer, 13th Bombay Infantry.

Under instructions from Horse Guards it is notified that Captain Watts, 2nd W. Yorkshire Regiment, now on leave in England, on medical certificate, has been selected for the Adjutancy of the 4th Militia.

Surgeon-Captain Holyoake, Army Medical Staff, is struck off the strength of the Bombay Command from the 22nd October.

Under instructions from Army head-quarters, India, it is notified that the undermentioned Officers of the Army Medical Staff, expected from England for duty, have been posted to the Bombay Command :—

Surgeon-Captain R. F. E. Austin, in succession to Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Barrow; and Surgeon-Major Trevor in succession to Surgeon-Major Peterkin.

The undermentioned Officer has been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief:—2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment—Lieutenant Marker, to remain in England from 1st November, 1894, to 17th March, 1895, on medical certificate.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—Royal Fusiliers—2nd Lieutenant Sweeney, to Australia, for four months, on medical certificate; the Royal Scots—2nd Lieutenant Hislop, officiating Squadron Officer, 4th Bombay Cavalry, to Bombay, to study the native language, from 19th November, 1894, to 18th May, 1895.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORTSAID, Nov. 15.

The B, I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this afternoon.

ADEN, Nov. 16.

The s. s. Thames with the homeward Indian Mails of the 19th instant, arrived at Aden, at 6 a.m. this morning.

COLOMBO, Nov. 16.

The French Mail steamer Salazie, from Aden, arrived.

The Florio-Rubattino Company's s. s. Bormida left Naag for Bombay on the 15th instant.

SIXTEEN gamblers were arrested by the police in Vadu temple shortly after the Dewali festival at Pandi. The Bawa of the temple has now to get for criminal trespass against the police.

DENNIS FITZPATRICK has sanctioned the scheme proposed by the Municipal Committee for the bye-laws relating to the control of houses situated in the Simla Municipality. His Honour has also notified to the Committee that there is nothing in the Municipal Act of 1891 to prevent inspectors visiting lodging houses at night to see that the law as to over-crowding is not evaded.

WOMEN'S BOOK S.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Oct. 25.

THE pulpit is closed to women in England. But they preach from the little rostrum of their own writing desks more effectively than if they were the accredited ministers of the gospel of that higher life which is everyone's ideal to reach. These lay-women workers in the cause of human progress have in fact, much more influence for good and evil than the clergymen whom we keep on purpose to guide and enlighten us on our obligations and duties to one another. Why? Because the woman in her book preaches an original, living up-to-date sermon, the result of her own practical experience of daily life; while the clergyman for the most part is content to draw upon the stock literature of his profession to illustrate his views of morality. The fashions of houses, gowns, and romances are varied to suit the changed times and temperaments; but the cant phrases of the pulpit remain a language almost unintelligible except to those to whom constant hearing has taught the meaning.

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"Platonics" is a short strong sermon novel, by a young lady expounder of the ethics of modern life, Miss Ethel M. Arnold, daughter of Professor Thomas Arnold, and sister of Mrs. Humphry Ward. And the lesson she teaches is the worthlessness of self-renunciation, where the sacrifice is not the result of the dictates of a healthy, generous mind, but, as in her heroine's case, is the working out of the mistaken ideal of a morbid organization. Mrs. Dormer was a woman about thirty, for she had been four years married and six years a widow, with no child of her own to keep her company. If she had had children her story would never have been written, for her character would probably have broadened instead of narrow, into the lines the author describes.

She was a woman of somewhat peculiar mind and temperament. In early life she had spent herself in an intensity of devotion to her own people, particularly her mother; to one or two friends; and, lastly, to her husband, whom she had loved with the same quality of ardent affection she had lavished upon her family, rather than with passion. One by one they had passed away from her into the great silence, and at each successive blow she had rebelled more bitterly and vehemently against the power which seemed to her only to create human beings in order to make them suffer. When at length her husband died after a long and lingering illness, she developed a morbid dread of the future, and set to work steadily and resolutely to wall up her heart against all further invasion. For the first two years after her husband's death she shut herself up more and more from the outer world, preserving as her only link with it one intimate woman friend, the solitary human being whom she loved.

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At the end of two years this friend, Kit Drummond, was called away by duty, and Susan Dormer was left absolutely alone in her grey Northumbrian castle, on the banks of the Tyne. Then in her solitude she turned to books, and finally she evolved a philosophy of her own, vaguely realized at first, but passing, as the years went by, into a sort of passionate conviction, taking the place of all other beliefs and hopes.

It seemed to her that individualism, the imprisoning the soul within the walls of the Ego, was at the root of all the sin and misery of the world, and that she had suffered in the past because she had nursed and fostered her individuality instead of setting herself from the first to break down the barriers which separated her soul from the world-soul. In reality it was a modern form of asceticism, which derived as much stimulus from the thought of sacrificing this earthly personal life in order to join "the choir invisible," as Christians of all ages have obtained from the hope of forming conscious part of a visible choir in Heaven as a reward for similar abstinence. The conviction grew and grew with her till it became a sort of mental anæsthetic, deadening all sensibility, a sort of moral refrigerator, freezing all the channels of her once overflowing affections.

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Then came a man upon the scene—a traveller, dabbler in many things, who fell in for a neighbouring property on the death of the old owner. He soon discovered that Mrs. Dormer was the only person of interest in the locality, and by dint of persistent yet unobtrusive effort at length succeeded in breaking down the barriers of the widow's reserve, and establishing himself on terms of friendly intimacy in her home, Damesworth. In spite of all her philosophies, it was not long before the heart which she believed to be dead awoke to passionate life, and proved itself as frail and susceptible as if it had not gone through years of laborious deadening.

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But when with jealousy, aroused by the news of the return of her one intimate friend, he asks her to marry him, she does not give herself away.

"I thought you knew what I felt about those things," she said presently.

"I know you don't fancy bonds of any kind," he said laughing rather anxiously. "But we won't call them bonds; they shall be nothing but a design to cheat fate."

"I don't mean that," she said, still with her back turned towards him. "I thought you knew that I had made up my mind never to marry again."

"You have implied as much," he said; "but it is difficult to believe in things one does not like. I have been trying to persuade myself that I might induce you to change your mind. Won't you let me?" and he moved towards her. She turned and faced him, and the light behind her hid the pallor of her face.

"No, you cannot change my mind," she said. "You cried out against change just now, and yet you wish to make the greatest one of all. We will be friends—always—nothing more."

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Three weeks later he proposes for her friend. It all comes about naturally in an interchange of confidences between the man and the girl on the subject of Mrs. Dormer's theories of life.

"I am not quite happy about Susan," she said at length. "Is it possible to do without people altogether, as she is trying to do."

"No," he said shortly; "it is impossible."

"I try to understand it," she went on, "and I can't. To me nothing is of any real importance in the world compared with the joys and sorrows, the hopes and fears of human fellowship. I would exchange every gift in the world for the genius of loving."

A sudden light came into his eyes, and his hands closed lightly on the arm of his chair. "Do you find most people interesting," he asked a little abruptly.

"In a friendly human sense, yes," she answered. "At one time I thought I could only like clever people; then I thought I could only like well-bred people; and so on through many phases of limitation. Now I look less for the limitations in people than for the common human nature. Artificiality is the one barrier left that I can't surmount. If only people would learn that every one can afford to be *himself*, life would be so much simpler!"

He made no answer for the moment but the light in his eyes grew brighter. "I like you to say these things," he said suddenly. "They go with the fresh air and the sky, and make me feel as if I had known you always. Have you realised," he went on bending towards her, "that three weeks ago we had never met? And now," he added in a lower tone, "I can't imagine the world without you."

"One gets to know some people so quickly" she said, turning away her head. "No, it isn't only that," he went on, while his voice shook; "it is that. You are the only woman in the world to me, the being I have wanted and hungered for all my life. I felt it vaguely the first moment I saw you. I knew it when I carried you up the river-bank that day hardly knowing if you were dead or alive. Kit," going over to her and taking her hand, "don't turn away from me but listen to me. I love you; you are my very life, it has to be; sooner or later I had to met you. Look at me, —speak to me, I want to see your eyes, to hear your voice."

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So these three interesting people—for they are not the less interesting because they are frail and human —the woman, a morbid dreamer, the man an impressionable lover, and the girl, owner of a lightly won heart are saved from the peril of sacrificing their years of friendship for the love of a week or two to their pluristic philosophy. There is much that is sad in the little book but there is also much that is bright and true to nature; piquant character touches and charming sketches of scenery which give vividity and colour to what might otherwise be a melancholy story. Another woman's book that is a practical sermon, and will be a great force in the life of the coming woman is Miss Frances Power Cobbe's "Autobiography." Born at Newbridge, in the County Dublin, in 1822, the daughter of a good Irish landlord, Miss Cobbe, in politics is a Unionist and a Tory in religion for many years, was attached to the evangelicals of the Clapham sect. But like Mrs. Besant she passed through many phases of religious belief, finally anchoring again, unlike Mrs. Besant, with broader views and fuller sympathies in the Christian Church. Of her religious views as a child Miss Cobbe gives an amusing example. She and her young cousin Charley Power Cobbe differed on many points of theology which were discussed in the nursery; but they were quite agreed about one doctrine. Both had the name of Power, and on this they founded the certainty that they should both go to heaven, because they had heard it said in church "the heavens and all the powers therein."

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Miss Cobbe gives an account of her school-days in London to inspire the young women of to-day with gratitude for their present privileges. Mr. Power Cobbe her father paid £500 a year with extras for her at this establishment where she says everything was taught in inverse ratio to its importance. At the bottom of the scale were morals of religion and at the top music and dancing. "Don't you know, you naughty girl," said a school-mistress in admonishing a girl for having told an untruth, "don't you know we would rather you had a mark of 'pretty well' in your music than that you should tell such falsehoods!" The religion they were taught was equally lax. One Ash Wednesday the girls were provided with a first course of salt fish. After this was removed, roast mutton was brought in, but before commencing they were told that they might take meat if they liked, but that the mistresses hoped they would fast as "it will be good for your souls and your figures."

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One point Miss Cobbe had specially in view in writing her book. It will afford, she says, evidence of how pleasant and interesting and not altogether useless, life has been to a woman, although no man has desired to share it, nor has she seen a man whom she would have wished to have asked to have done so. But it was not personal experience of women's wrongs that led her to take up woman's rights, for as a child she was the pet and plaything of four devoted elder brothers. She was roused to action on behalf of her ill-treated poor sisters by reading in the newspaper a long list of assaults upon wives. "I will not rest till I see what I can do to stop this," she said in 1878, and before long a law was passed giving women the right to judicial separation from brutal husbands.

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On the intellectual equality of man and woman, Miss Cobbe does not commit herself. She says men would lose half their superiority if they were to be fed as badly as women, few of whom have sufficiently brain sustaining nourishing food. Exercise in the open air, wholesome and sufficient food, plenty of sleep at night are out of the reach of one woman out of every two, and yet we comment on the inferiority of their work. As for their education that also leaves much to be desired. Above all, Miss Cobbe condemns the feebleness and futility of women's daily life, the idiocy which they display in their fashions, and the way in which they allow themselves to be laid up as invalids when they have only to bestir themselves to be well and happy.

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The account of Miss Cobbe's work as an anti-vivisectionist, as a work-house reformer, as a journalist is as interesting as the history of her various acquaintances and friends. Miss Cobbe in her time has known mostly everyone of note. It gives piquancy to her anecdotes that she is a woman of strong feelings and prejudices, and does not love everyone except in the general way of a philanthropist willing to do her best for her kind. But any one after reading her book (published by Bentley in 2 vols.) must acknowledge himself the better for the knowledge of this good woman's work.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

GOVERNOR'S CAMP, BHOWNUGGER, Nov. 14

LAST night his Excellency attended a banquet given in his honour by his Highness the Maharaja in the spacious banqueting hall, recently added to the Pauradi. Over fifty guests were invited, and his Highness' band was in attendance during the evening. The wine being sent round after dinner, the Maharaja, with a short speech, proposed the following toasts :—The Queen-Empress, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the Royal Family, and their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris.

His own health having been duly drunk, his Excellency rose, and in a humourous speech thanked the Maharaja and ladies and gentlemen present for the honor they had done him, and concluded by proposing the health of their host H. H. the Marahaja Takhtsinghji. After a somewhat late hour the whole company adjourned to the Gangajhoo Tank, where from seats placed round the parapet of the beautiful marble chhatri, situated in the centre of this piece of water, a magnificent display of fire-works and illuminations were witnessed.

This morning, at seven o'clock, his Excellency, accompanied by the Maharaja, drove out to the paddocks, situated about a mile and a-half out of the town, when, accompanied by Mr. Procter-Sims, the versatile Engineer of the State, who is an equally capable authority on a railway terminus or the points of a thorough-bred colt, the party were taken over the several buildings and paddocks.

After inspecting the loose boxes, occupied by the mares with foal at foot, they were taken into the yearling paddock, amongst a lot of promising youngsters. The one that attracted most attention was a brown yearling filly, Gulis an, by an Arab sire, out of a hawk-eyed mare, Gulinar, at present the property of Lord Harris. This filly, standing now about fourteen hands, showed great scope and quality, and if in the future she finds her way into a racing stable, should prove useful. Another taking young colt one was Sunny, a bright bay, cobby galloway, by the T. B. Rug pony, Blazer, out of Daisy, a half-bred Arab mare.

In the next paddock visited were collected the three-year-olds, in course of breaking, and a few others bred in the paddock, and now in the rank of the State Imperial Lancers. Amongst the former, a grey filly, called Chaplet, about 15-1, with shank 7¾, showed great power and quality. She is bred from Pearl, a Kathy mare, by Reputation. Maid Hawthorne was another beautifully-shaped filly, as indeed she ought to be, being by the Arab Hallen out of the thorough-bred English mare May Queen. There were several really useful-looking horses amongst those now in the ranks of the Lancers, and if only that class could be obtained by Government at a reasonable figure, and in sufficient quantities, the days of the third-class Arab as a cavalry horse would be numbered, but, as in England, where the farmer complained that he was always trying to breed a big brown colt, and always got a little chestnut filly, so ont here breeding is a terrible lottery, and with the best material and in the most experienced hands there must be a lot of worthless stuff, which is hard to dispose of. But to return to this class. Between Begum, a bay mare of great length, well coupled, and on Short Legs, by Reputation, out of Princess, a Katty mare, was the picture of a horse for cross-country work. Lady Brassey, by Raddo, Kathiawar sire, dam Sunbeam, by King Arthur and Effie, a black mare by Shiraz, the Palitana Arab, out of Ghazni, were both mares of more than average merit.

After spending a lot of time looking over this paddock his Excellency and the rest of the party stood in the verandah of the office, and the brood mares, several with foal at foot, filed past in single order. In the best of the matrons seemed to me to be the thorough-bred English mare, White Rose, and another chestnut mare Glencoe, a waler, formerly the property of Major Elliot, 1st Lancers.

Leaving the paddocks proper, the company were taken to the outside enclosure, where the stallions were led past for inspection, the first to show himself being the T. B. Waler Basanio, a very high class horse looking more like a big Arab than an Australian, but gifted, we were told, with an uncertain temper; next came Reputation, once the fastest short-distance horse in England, and imported to this country by Lord William Beresford, to do great things. Indian race-courses, however, were too much for him, and he is now earning his livelihood at Bhownugger, and, judging from most of his progeny, earning it well. Of the Arab shires most of them are well-known on this side. The brown Arab, Amnesty, the chestnut, Vendetta, once the property of Sir Charles Pritchard, and the brown Hallen, all looked well, and the little Arab pony, Minton, lately purchased from the stud, should not be the least successful of the lot.

The time and a hot sun prevented us from seeing more of the interior economy of these paddocks. More room for the large amount of young stock on his hands seems to be what Mr. Procter-Sims most requires, and we understand that, when circumstances permit, he intends taking up a large grass runn at some distance from the paddocks, to afford the youngsters a greater amount of liberty. During the rest of the day there were no public functions to be gone through. The Maharaja gave a large garden-party in the beautiful grounds adjoining his palace in the afternoon, to which his Excellency and the rest of the visitors in camp attended.

The Governor and Staff dine quietly, at eight o'clock to-night, leaving immediately afterwards by special train for Junagadh.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE BODY OF A MURDERED PATHAN BOY.

MR. GELL, the Acting Commissioner of Police, received a telegram on Thursday afternoon, from the Poona Railway Police, stating that a tin-box, which was despatched by the 2 p.m. train from the Byculla Railway Station, on the 11th instant, addressed "Mahomedkhan Oomerkhan, Merchant, Poona," had been forced open by the railway police, owing to the fearful odour emanating from it, when a human body in an advanced stage of decomposition was discovered in it. The body was subsequently identified as that of the Pathan boy Mahomedkhan Shumsookhan, aged twelve years, who was reported missing, since 10 o'clock, on the morning of the 11th instant, from his father's house at Bhendy Bazaar Road, with ornaments to the value of Rs. 66 on his person. The detective as well as the divisional police made rigorous search when this report was received but without any success. On two occasions batakee was beaten throughout the town, special policemen and Pathans were posted at different corners, and all the Superintendents of Police were asked to keep a careful look-out, but with no better result. The father of the boy also telegraphed to Panchee for the British India Company's steamer Colombo, which left Bombay, on the 11th instant with several Pathans, to be searched. The father also advertised a reward of Rs. 100 to be given to anyone giving information, which might lead to the discovery of the missing boy. The box, which was found to contain the body of the boy, had been booked as a parcel at 2 p.m. on the 11th instant, only four hours after the boy disappeared from Byculla Station, by a man who gave his name as Mirjan Ahmed Khan, and it was addressed to Mahomed Khan Oomer Khan, merchant, Poona. The parcel reached Poona on the same day, at 7-45 p.m., but as no-body claimed it, it remained in the parcel office, until it was broken open by order of the station-master in presence of he railway police. Inspector Hack, accompanied by the father and a native police officer, left here for Poona on Thursday night, by the 11 o'clock train, to make inquiries in connection with the matter. Superintendent Sweeney and Sirdar Mir Abdulalli, Superintendent, Criminal Investigation Department, are investigating the matter. The box and the cloth in which the body was wrapped up, were brought wn to Bombay last evening by Inspector Hack t the perpetrator of the dead was not found until ate hour.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, Oct. 25.

AT a meeting of the Clerks' Social Union, recently held, a paper was read upon the Employment of Female Clerks. The author of the paper is reported to have taken up a very strong line—one which will probably bring wrath upon his head and repentance into his soul. For my own part, I have been so much—and, perhaps, so deservedly—rebuked for certain opinions of my own, that I am afraid to quote the reasons or the conclusions of this philosopher, except on one point. He suggested, says the report, that women "should turn their attention to other occupations, such as authorship—there was plenty of room for more lady writers." Plenty of room? Why, there are already thousands of women trying to be writers. The MSS. pour in. Every publisher, down to the meanest and the lowest, receives MSS. by the hundred, mostly from women who are longing, and yearning, and trying with all their soul and all their strength to be writers. When the family income droops and decays, as is happening at this moment all over hapless Britannia, the first thought of the girls is to make some money by writing stories. Of course, there is always plenty of room at the top; but down below there is no room at all, not even standing room. The crush and cram are terrible. Not one in a thousand succeeds. And sometimes there is a partial success—an illusive success—a success which does not last—and then the condition of that poor woman is terrible indeed; ill-success in literature is far—far worse than ill-success in anything else; no other kind of failure brings with it so much mortification—such dejection—such despair. When we add to this the want of money, it is easy to understand the wretchedness of one who has made a small success which cannot be followed up. No; there is not plenty of room for more women in the literary field.

In the High road, Shadwell, where there are many delightful shops, where very curious odds and ends from over the seas can always be picked up, there are still surviving two or three picturesque old houses and a church of comfortable, compact ugliness. I yesterday discovered a shop with a sign which I thought was now quite lost to London. It is the carven image of the naval officer in cocked hat and tail coat and epaulettes, sword by his side, taking an observation with a sextant. You remember that Mr. Sol Gills, nautical instrument maker, had a midshipman outside his shop taking an observation. The gallant officer of the Shadwell road also belongs to a nautical instrument maker. I will make a list some day of the permanent signs—those which did not indicate the place of the shop, but the trade carried on in it. Thus the sign of the Ship indicated the house of the Longmans, publishers; but the Black Boy indicated that the shop was that of a tobacconist. When I have put all the trade signs together, you will be astonished to find how many there were.

A box has been presented to the Clerkenwell Free Library made of the wood piping which brought the water of the New River into London. Some years ago in Gresham-street a good many of these wooden pipes were taken up. They are interesting because they are of wood. Pipes conveying water before that time had been of lead. It is a great mistake to suppose that there was no water supply in London before the New River enterprise was undertaken. Water began to be brought into the City in the reign of Henry III., 300 years before the New River was begun. We are apt to forget that in the immediate neighbourhood of London there are many streams—the Tybourne, the Fleet, the Walbrook, the Lea, the Roding, the Brent; and on the south side the Wandle, the Effra, the Ravensbourne. The citizens were at first dependent on the Walbrook, which ran through their middle, and on the Fleet, which ran just outside their gates; they had also wells. The pump at Aldgate is a very old well. There were also Holywell, under the site of the present Opera Comique; St. Clement's, north of the Church of St. Clement's; Clerkenwell and Skinners' well, close to each other; Faggis well, Todwell, Loders' well, Radwell, all four in Smithfield; there was a spring in St. Giles's Churchyard; and there were two others near Old-street, called Dame Annice the Clear and the Pool Perilous. Very great legacies and gifts were made to the City for the water supply. For instance, one Barnard Randolph Common Sergeant of the City, gave to the water conduits, in 1583, £900, equivalent to at least £9,000 of our money. The water was needed, the chronicler tells us, by the poor for drinking and by the rich for cooking their meat. And for washing. Alas! he mentions not that purpose at all.

On a hill called Parliament Hill, now a part of Hampstead Heath, there stands an ancient barrow which has never been opened. Tradition calls it the tomb of the hapless Queen Boadicea, or, to give her real name, a name still used by the Bretons, Boudicca. She certainly is not buried there, because the battle in which she was defeated was fought at a much greater distance from London. Professor Hales has shown, I think, conclusively, that on this spot was fought a battle before the arrival of the Romans, between the men of London and the men of Verulam. London won the day; the Verula-mites fled, leaving their dead upon the field. These dead were buried together in this mound. It is now about to be opened, and I hope to be present when the skeletons and the remains of their arms are found.

Froude has joined the majority. Few writers have ever been more vehemently abused than Froude; few writers have found a larger audience or warmer friends. "Inaccurate; careless; perverter of truth; seeker for effect;" these are some of the names that have been hurled against him. There remain his works, to be tried by the test of time and the cooler judgment of posterity. If splendid writing helps a writer to live, Froude will be helped to live. If minute accuracy be necessary in a historian, Froude will be condemned to Jehu's place. Perhaps, at his death, he was the greatest writer of modern English prose. In more than one biographical notice of him I have seen it stated that his Deacon's orders prevented him from entering upon any profession. Well, but he did enter upon a profession; he became a man of letters. Is not that a profession, and, in his case, a very learned profession? Further, I have always understood that a Deacon could lay aside his orders if he chose, even before the passing of the Act of 1872, by which men were enabled to shuffle off their priests' orders. There was a certain acquaintance of mine, some ten or twelve years ago, who was many things in his time—journalist, master in a school, clergyman, popular preacher, barrister in practice, maker of books, and journalist again. As a clergyman he never got beyond Deacon's orders, and he observed no formality in laying them down. Certainly he was not refused his call to the Bar on account of his orders, though perhaps he did not think it advisable to acquaint the Benchers with that part of his history. I certainly understood from him that Deacon's orders could be laid aside at any time. I knew another man who also repented him of his Deacon's orders and quietly laid them down. And this, I take it, was Froude's case. He laid down his Deacon's orders, wrote the "Nemesis of Faith," and quietly went on with the work of his life.

Miss Frances Power Cobbe, in her book of reminiscences, speaks of the "limitations of literary influence." She has been disappointed at the apparent failure of her books and papers—all of which had a purpose—to move the hearts and to control the conduct of her readers. Are there, in truth, such limitations? I should say rather that literary influence knows no limits; its possibilities are boundless. That is to say, given a mind capable of receiving, and a voice able to persuade, the only limit of "literary influence" is the message of the teacher. If, however, a writer thinks that he has a message to deliver, and actually delivers that message, and finds that the world pays no attention surely the fault is in himself. He has failed to command the attention of the world; he has failed to persuade. Consider the influence of Carlyle. So long as he had a message to deliver—that is to say, in his earlier works—he commanded the attention of every mind which could receive generous, noble, and unselfish ideas. One cannot even speak of limitations applied to him. Applied to his audience there were limitations—those of stupidity and selfishness. But against these two evils the gods themselves could not prevail. Since we are not all Prophets, what should we do? Cease to write, even though we seem not to prevail even where there is a message to deliver? No; because we never know when and where we may succeed, or what disciples we may make. If the message be useful, we must go on proclaiming it. And the best way is to believe that our influence is world-wide, and our persuasive powers are unbounded.

The question has been recently asked in *Notes and Queries*—but I have not seen any answer—who was Sarah Bramstone? Her tombstone lies near the north door of Upton Church, with this inscription: "Here lies the body of Sarah Bramstone of Eton, spinster; a person who dared to be just, in the reign of George the Second. Obiit Jan. 30, 1765. Ætat 77." Who was the woman who dared to be just? Let us deduce her history from these few data. She lived at Eton, and she was a person of some consideration, because her act of justice was important enough to be talked about. A person of no consideration may be as just as she pleases, but nobody heeds. If of consideration, then of substance—a woman with property. How could such a woman show her sense of justice? Not by writing, for women of that time did not write; nor by speaking on platforms, for women did not then speak on platforms; nor by getting on societies, for women did not then associate; she could only show a sense of justice by the admiration of her property. Therefore, she might dare to be just in giving it away, or in bequeathing it; and since the veriest coward dares anything in his testamentary disposition she would show her daring and her sense of justice in the giving or refusing to give pass or portion of her property in her lifetime. Further, as there is no "daring in the giving of money, she must have dared to refuse it. And as there is no talk of justice in refusing money to strangers the refused it to her near relations. She dared to be just in the reign of George the Second, therefore, by refusing to help a near relative who had offended her. Very good. This makes the rest of the story quite easy to write. It is a very simple story, but I am afraid to send it to *Notes and Queries* because they might ask for proofs.

In the year, 1750, when George the Second had been twenty-three years on the throne, Sarah Bramstone was sixty-two years of age. She lived in a house near the school, quite a genteel house; for, indeed, Mrs. Bramstone—she held brevet rank and was called Mistress—was a gentlewoman. The front parlour looking upon the street was furnished with those green blinds like Venetians which are set upright, capable of being turned backwards and forwards. She was a lady of strict principles and a strong Churchwoman, attending regularly the Wednesday and Friday lectures, as well as the Sunday services. She had two maids whom she beat when they were careless. She made nearly everything that she wanted for her own household, and was skilled in distilling strong waters, making wine, brewing beer, conserving jams, jellies, nasturtium seeds, walnuts, and other dainties. She could also do very fine work with her needle, and she could make the most excellent cakes and puddings you ever tasted. She had two shelves filled with books, which she sometimes, but not often, opened. She was certainly strict. Her property was considerable, including several farms in the neighbourhood. She belonged to, and was visited by, the Quality of Windsor and Eton. Now there lived with her a niece of twenty, Phœbe, her only sister's orphan child, and the heiress of all her property. Sarah Bramstone could not help the property going to that girl at her death. But not even so—not before. One day—the child had never given her aunt the least cause of suspicion—Phœbe appeared not at family prayers. She was not in the house. Where could she be? Sarah Bramstone sat down with a stern countenance. I think that had Phœbe appeared at that moment the would have been treated as the maids were sometimes treated. But she did not appear. She did not return for the three o'clock dinner—the gentility of Sarah Bramstone is shown by her dinner hour. It was not until the evening that she returned. And then—*horresco!*—she returned with a young man. They held each other by the hand; they looked guilty; they blushed; they fell upon their knees and begged forgiveness—because they were married. Early in the morning they had ridden off to London, and there, for a guinea, had been married by the famous Dr. Shovel, Chaplain of the Fleet. Now, the young man was the son of one of Mrs. Bramstone's tenant farmers—nothing better than that. It was a *mesalliance* which disgraced the family. The lady with set lips and unforgiving eyes pulled the bell rope violently. "Give my niece," she ordered the maid, "all her clothes, everything that is hers; put all out upon the doorstep." So the guilty pair rose and waited outside for the clothes, and disappeared. Phœbe went back to the unfortunate couple. The young man did not succeed: bad harvests followed each other; he became bankrupt; he was fain to become a labourer where he had been a master. Then his wife implored her aunt for assistance. Mrs. Bramstone was firm; she sent no reply. Friends interfered and interceded. The clergyman interfered, and begged for mercy. Mrs. Bramstone refused: she dared to be just. She remained just for fifteen years, when she died, ordering with her latest breath the word which we have read to be engraved upon her tombstone. And at her death the niece succeeded, and with her husbad and six children—she had buried five—went back to the house, and sat behind the green blinds, and had dinner at three, and drank up all the aunt's home made wines. But Phœbe could never be got to show any enthusiam for justice in the abstract.

EPITOME OF HINDU LAW.

MESSRS. F. A. RANA, B.A., LL.B. and Chotalal, Karsandas Muljee, High Court Pleaders, have published a manual, entitled "An Epitome of Hindu Law," which, we are sure, will be greatly appreciated both by students as well as practitioners of law. Hindu law is a subject covering a vast field. Deriving its origin alike from God and man, it is based upon immemorial customs which existed prior to Brahminism and were independent of it. Granting a few central principles which are of common applicability to the Hindu community throughout India, it has branched out into many ramifications according to the varying conditions, traditions, and usages of the different provinces and castes. The Hindu law is primarily divided into two principal schools, but each has produced in its turn sub-divisions, partaking of the general character of the parent institution, yet differing between themselves in some respects on important points of detail. A subject so vast and wide, essentially required a manual of the kind under review which gives, as it were, a bird's eye view of it, in a succinct and intelligible form. In preparing the compilation, the authors have laid under contribution the standard works of well-known lawyers, such as Mayne, Strange, Cowell, MacNaughton, Grady, and Cunningham. The selections from these and other writers of eminence on Hindu law seems to have been judiciously made, and with particular reference to the law as applicable to the Bombay Presidency. The text has been illustrated by a copious citation of legal decisions, including some of the latest data available; and the value of the manual as a work of reference, has been further enhanced by a complete table which has been given of all the cases cited in the book, as well as by an exhaustive index at the end. The Hindu law having grown out of customs and traditions, the layman, who is curious to know something about the social usages of the Hindus, will find much to interest him in these pages. He will see that the position of inferiority, reaching down (according to Western notions), to servility, in which the Hindu women are doomed, has the seal and sanction of the God-given and man-made law. Their life is burdened with many disabilities. The law permits the male to marry as many wives as he pleases, but forbids the woman a similar indulgence of her matrimonial instincts. One is not, of course, sorry for the prohibition, but the distinction, as between male and female, is noteworthy. A second marriage after the husband's death is wholly unknown to Hindu law; and it was not until the Widow Re-marriage Act 15 of 1856 that such marriages were legalised, the statute mercifully enacting that they shall be held as valid, "any custom or interpretation of Hindu law to the contrary notwithstanding." But even to this day, the widow forfeits her right of inheritance by marriage, a disability which the advocates of reform among the Hindus would be very glad to see removed by law. A few more instances, and so well known generally, may be given of the subordination imposed upon women. The husband has the absolute power of adoption, the wife being permitted to exercise it only with her husband's consent. A female is not eligible for adoption. The female members of a family cannot demand a partition of ancestral property, although they may possess inchoate rights of participation, whenever the separation takes place. The daughter gets no share of partition, but only so much as would be sufficient to defray her marriage expenses. A Hindu can will away his property, whether ancestral or not, if he has no male issue, to the prejudice of his widow and daughters. The decisions of judicial courts can only be given in accordance with the law; but where a liberal interpretation of the law has been possible, without conflicting with its provisions, there have been judges who have upheld such interpretations for promoting the ends of pure justice. From the immensity and infinite variety of the subject, the authors had a difficult task before them, but they have performed it satisfactorily and have supplied a much-needed want.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Shannon, Captain E. Crew will sail to-day for London and Brindisi, with the English Mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Burne, Mr and Mrs
Becher, Mr, governess and 2 children
Birkett, Rev A J
Burnemann, Mr G
Chamber, Mr G Tors
Christie, Mr G
Crump, Mr L
Dowdle, Mr G M O
Henderson, Miss
Hogton, Capt F A
Jordon, Mrs
Gosset, Lieut A B
Jenckin, Miss
Lyle, Mr D R
Mecham, Mr and Mrs, and 3 children
Moore, Mr and Mrs H
Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs
McQuarrie, Mr W
Mitchell, Mr W

ther he had got any hoondie with him or not. The income of the village of Gaja was from six to seven hundred per year. We do not keep accounts of jamakharach. I do not remember what was the rate of the land in Kharagpura. After the land has been resumed we pay Rs. 2-13 per bighe as a tax to Government.

Witness, continuing, said that Mr. Bapat had told him to settle with Girdhar. He was not told to please Girdhar, and make *bundobast* for money with Girdhar. He was only told to settle with Girdhar. He had a servant to attend to household work. His name was Lala. He had been in his service for two or three years. The woman in their house cooked their food. When Girdhar came to Patan Lala was not in his service. At that time there was a Brahmin, who attended to the domestic work. He had left their service for about two years. The name of the Brahmin was Karunashanker. He attended to domestic work and when they went to the village, he used to cook for them. They had not engaged a vakil when an appeal against the order of the Settlement Commissioner had been presented. His brother might have engaged a vakil subsequently. His brother was ill at the time he was said to have consented to accept the order awarding 300 bighas of land. When witness heard that Mr. Bapat had made such a report he wrote to his brother Ambalal that although he was sick and absent at Patan he was reported to have made a kabulat (agreement) to accept the order. Ambalal got a medical certificate, and witness made a petition to the Dewan stating that the report made by Mr. Bapat was false as his brother was absent at the time. Mr. Bapat wrote that his brother accepted the order. With that petition he forwarded the medical certificate to prove that Ambalal was absent at Patan at the time Mr. Bapat made the report. He did not know the day on which his brother was said to have accepted the order. How could he know the date fixed by Mr. Bapat in the report? He had written in the petition that Mr. Bapat had made a false report as to the alleged kabulat simply to uphold his former decision. From the report it appeared that at the time at which Ambalal was reported to have agreed to accept the order, his brother was absent at Patan.

How could you then come to know the exact day on which Mr. Bapat was alleged to have taken the kabulat? —I did not know the precise day; but we were informed by Girdhar that Mr. Bapat had been representing that his brother had accepted the order.

Mr. Khare: I want to know how did he know the time the alleged kabulat was made.

Witness replied that Girdhar had given no specific time, but he conjectured from what Girdhar said that Mr. Bapat had made the report at the time his brother was ill.

Mr. Branson: All this has certainly no bearing on the case.

The President: What this has to do with the case is another question. The thing is whether witness understands the question or not.

Mr. Branson: I ask your honours whether this is a sheer waste of time or not? In March 1893 the witness got information that his brother had been falsely represented in the proceedings which were then pending on his petition that he had consented to accept the order. The witness meant to convey in the petition that that could not be true as from the time when the proceedings were taken to the time the petition was presented his brother was sick.

Mr. Khare: That petition was made on the 14th of August.

The President: We shall then take down your question, Mr. Khare.

Mr. Khare (to the witness): How did you fix the time of the alleged consent of your brother before Mr. Bapat in your petition, dated the 4th of August?

Witness said that he had obtained his information from Girdhar.

Witness continuing said that the second petition to the Residency was about the prohibitory order. He did not come to Baroda in Samvat year 1940 but even if he had come he did not remember to have seen whether Mr. Bapat occupied the same place of sitting as he did before. He bore no enmity to Girdhar, although Rs. 600 paid to Mr. Bapat through him had been lost. Karunashanker, the Brahmin cook, had left their service as he was not given the remuneration he desired owing to the japti on the village. His brother was in Government service, but since his father's death four years back he was on leave. Ratiram died about a year ago.

Mr. Branson declined to re-examine the witness.

The enquiry was then adjourned till to-morrow (Friday).

COOKE'S CIRCUS.

"The Canvas Amphitheatre," the title given to Mr. Cooke's stretches of canvas by the gold diggers of Johannesberg, South Africa, is to be erected early on Monday morning next, and we are assured that every thing will be ready long before the time advertised for opening the performance, namely, 8 p.m. The average life-time of a travelling circus marquee is from ten to twelve months, and as about two months ago Mr. Cooke found his tent was going the way of all things perishable he sent to London for a new one, wherewith to open his season here in Bombay. About a week ago the s.s. City of London brought a magnificent new two-pole tent, 70 feet wide and when fully erected 200 feet long. Time will only admit of the 100 feet circular part being put up in Bombay, so that at least we shall have the advantage of witnessing the performances in a perfectly clean and bright structure. We hear that the cost of the new marquee landed in India is rather over Rs. 5,000. The seating capacity of the tent will be about 3,000, and will be arranged as follows:—The dress circle seats are arm-chairs; the second seats ordinary bentwood chairs; the third seats are raised tier above tier and covered with carpet, and the eight-sova gallery is precisely similar, only without the luxury last named. Lighting and ventilation are carefully studied, and Mr. Sanders, the manager, tells us that everything is done to ensure the comfort of the most fastidious patron. The artistes, including the much-talked-of Cooke family, the horses, and other animals will presently speak for themselves, and will doubtless confirm in a practical manner the splendid opinion passed on the show by press and public of all places it has visited. The ground set apart by the authorities for the site of the marquee is situate on the Maidan immediately opposite the Municipal Offices. It is enclosed with a strong bamboo fence, and at one end is erected a temporary stabling for Mr. Cooke's stud. The box office is at Messrs. Soondy and Co.

RELIGIOUS RIOTS.

It would seem that there is still a brisk paper warfare going on over the subject of the riots of eighteen months ago in the Eastern Districts of the N.-W. Provinces. This is quite in the manner of native publicists who are slow to get under weigh and as a rule only become thoroughly interested in a matter after it has been disposed of and put upon the shelf. Thus the fiercest debates often rage nowadays in vernacular journalism because public attention has long ago turned away to more present concerns. Our reason for supposing that this is the case with the now-chilling riots of June last year is a pamphlet published by Mr. Krishna Sevak Lal, vakil, of Ghazipore, who writes from the loyalist side in reply to the criticisms of the anti-Government party, and from whose arguments we can gather incidentally what these rather belated agitators are complaining of. One person, whom Mr. Sevak Lal describes as a "leading thinker," says:—"These riots..appear to my mind to have been brought about in no small measure by the meddlesomeness of th Anglo-Indian officials in our affairs. They are the first fruit of the Policy of Divide and Rule, which the Anglo-Indian beaurencracy has adopted in this country. They are the first waves of the great tide of all the fiercest and foulest passions of the nation which have been lashed into fury by the folly and misdeeds of the governing class." This strikes one as a tolerably neat sample of the sweet reasonableness of the Hindu agitator. Because the Hindus organised their societies, sent out their emissaries, sat on foot house to house visitations, collected funds and sent word to the Mahomedans that they must abstain from beef or take the consequences, the disturbances that ensued are due to the folly and misdeeds of the Government. Is the Government had adopted for its policy the watchword of Divide and Rule," it must be admitted that the leaders of the Hindu movement played into its hands with a simplicity very unusual to that astute class. When the story has grown a little older we shall except to hear it said that the Government was at the bottom of the *Gaorakshini Sabhas* and secretly stimulated their activities in order to bring about the collision which it foresaw must follow. They have already gone very near to this in insinuations that the Government of these Provinces was not sorry to see the riots occur. One of the controversialists with whom our author is engaged it appears says:—"The Government is very sorry, and who can doubt the sincerity of its sorrow for what has occurred and is every anxious to reconcile those who for the present are separated from each other by the bitter recollection of the riots. One is reminded here of the sorrow and lamentations of Macbeth, when the murder of Duncan is discovered. And the righteous indignation shown by the Government in the wholesale prosecution of the Hindus is something like the feeling which induced Macbeth to kill the two chamberlains of the king." The writer of this is we gather one Pandita Bishen Narayan Das of Lucknow, "whose pamphlet styled *An Appeal to the British Public*, has created much sensation here as well as abroad." We confess that we had not heard before of this work, but if it is all up to the mark of the sentences quoted it certainly deserves some eminence in vernacular periodical literature. One could pardon a good deal for the sake of a little piece of humour in the illustration from Macbeth. The ordinary diatribes of the native press are just as twaddlesome as they are furious: and make no impression for that reason on anybody.—*Pioneer*.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, NOVEMBER 15.

10 p.m. ... 75·4

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16,

6 a.m. ... 72·5
10 a.m. ... 79·4
2 p.m. ... 84·2
6 p.m. ... 83·3

SKINNY MEN and Weak Women, do not be disheartened. PEPSE'S BRAIN PANACEA will protect you from an untimely grave, as it enlivens the spirits, invigorates Brain Powers, strengthens physical tissue, and renovates and rebuilds the shattered constitution without regard to age or sex. In a special food for the fatigued and overworked with brain or body. Rs. 3 and Rs. 7 of MADON, SONS & Co.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure, Mild, and Emollient.—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet, and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creams lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1893-94.

(Concluded from Thursday's "Bombay Gazette.")

WORKS MET FROM REVENUE.

THE works carried out last year at the cost of Revenue were many in number, but none of much importance. The Engineer gives a minute description in his report of all that was done, and the only items to which attention might be called are:—

(*a*) The construction of two jetties on the Mody Bay North Reclamation, making six in all, for the convenient discharge of coal from lighters, Rs. 4,592.

(*b*) The provision of tram-plates on the North and South Wharves of Victoria Dock to prevent the wearing of the coping stones by the crane wheels, Rs. 4,443.

(*c*) And the erection of a shed at Esmail Habib Bunder for the storage of dangerous petroleum, Rs. 2,578.

CAPITAL.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, VICTORIA DOCK.

The estimated cost of the Victoria Dock was 94 lakhs. The total expenditure to 31st March last was Rs. 92,17,498, from which has to be deducted the credits specified at page 15 of the Accounts amounting to Rs. 4,59,321, leaving at the debit of the work the sum of Rs. 87,58,177, including Rs. 1,92,150 for discount owing to the loans (4 per cent. up to 1892-93 and 3½ per cent. thereafter) being issued under par, and Rs. 2,82,159 for interest during construction.

The sum of Rs. 1,15,034 was expended last year in carrying out various works.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

At the Prince's Dock a shed was erected and paved in the open space between K & L Sheds. The expenditure on this work last year was Rs. 15,340, which has been met from the Fixed Annual Revenue Surplus and raises the Capital Expenditure on Prince's Dock to Rs. 88,19,066.

NEW WORKS, ORDINARY.

The expenditure recorded under the head of "New Works, Ordinary," amounted to Rs. 7,07,874, including Rs. 3,95,953 for Stores Purchases, the deduction of which leaves Rs. 3,11,921 as the expenditure on Works. This expenditure includes, besides the improvements to the Trustees' northern properties to be presently referred to, the construction of a block of new Quarters at the Workshops for Khallasees, the sewering of the northern half of the Apollo Reclamation referred to in para. 29, and the deepening of the new basin at the Custom House Bunder. This latter work was carried out at the cost of the Trustees, but as part of the works connected with the new Government Wet Dock.

RAISING OF DEBENTURE LOAN.

The sanction of Government has been obtained to the raising of a Debenture Loan of ten lakhs at four per cent. for works of improvement enumerated below, some of which were partially carried out last year by means of advances made from the Cash balances, the object being to save interest by postponing the issue of the Loan until the money was required and a favourable opportunity offered.

The works in respect of which the Loan has been sanctioned are:—

Ballard Road Passenger Pier	Rs.	3,02,000
Improvements of the Mazagon, Tank Bunder and Frere Land Estates	"	6,10,811
South Approach of Wadi Bunder Overbridge.	"	1,91,272
New Anchor Hoy	"	60,000
	Rs.	10,74,083
Deduct amount met from Fixed Annual Revenue Surplus of 1892-93 and 1893-94	"	66,811
		10,07,272

BALLARD ROAD PIER.

The contract for the construction of the Ballard Road Pier was let to Messrs. Bulkley and Company in September 1893, and in the beginning of the following month the work of laying the blocks was commenced. By the 1st March about a third of the work had been done, and under the terms of the contract it has to be completed by 5th June, 1895, so that it may be available for use in the S.-W. monsoon of that year. The pier will have a width of 60 feet and run 350 feet into the Harbour with an arm to the North 200 feet in length to shelter the landing-steps, and at the East end and within the sheltered area the bottom of the Harbour will be dredged to 62·0 on T. H. D., which will give a depth of 9 to 10 feet at low water spring-tides. The provision of suitable waiting-rooms or sheds for the shelter of passengers when embarking and disembarking, and also for the protection of carriages, will receive the attention of the Trustees as the work is approaching completion.

IMPROVEMENTS AT MAZAGON.

The improvements in progress on the Mazagon, Tank Bunder, and Frere Land Estates will open out those properties, afford new facilities for the trade and transform a large area of low-lying ground and swamps into land fit for occupation. The chief feature of the improvements is the construction of a road 60 feet in width that traverses those properties from one end to the other, and is the continuation of the projected important thoroughfare from the termination of Frere Road through Mazagon, which is more particularly referred to hereinafter. Connaught Road is joined on to this through-road at a point just north of Gorupdeo Hill, which hill, in course of the changes now in progress, will be cut down to the level of the surrounding ground. The improvements besides otherwise benefiting the properties will:—

(*a*) Add a total area of 106,796 square yards with wharfland excellent road frontages mostly reclaimed from swamps to the land possessions of the Trustees in ipositions eligible for storage in connection with the timber ponds and bunders, for warehouses, godowns and shops, and in part also for chawls and residences.

(*b*) Increase the areas of the timber poods available for timber storage by 23,229 square yards.

(*c*) By the construction of new through North and South and East and West permanent roads, and the widening of an existing road having a length in the aggregate of 23,957 feet or 4½ miles, open up frontages on the Port Trust properties of nearly double that length.

(*d*) Improve by levelling to road level a gross area of 211,163 square yards.

(*e*) Enormously improve by the system of drainage proposed and by the reclamation, levelling up, and laying out of the ground, the sanitation of the district, and so improve the value of the whole estate.

(*f*) Provide a new wharf on the extreme north 1,300 feet in length with bottom at R. L. 74·00 or sufficient to allow lighters drawing up to 7 feet to come along side at every high water in the year or from 2 or 3 feet deeper than any of the present bunders north of Clerk Bunder.

COAL WHARF.

The provision of a new coal wharf is part of the scheme. This question has occupied the attention of the Trustees for some time past. The construction of a coal dock or pier they are satisfied, after a careful consideration of the proposal, is out of the question. Several schemes were considered for the remodelling of the Frere Canal and an alternative scheme for a coal wharf at Tank Bunder, where the Trustees had meanwhile acquired by purchase the property of the Saw Mills Company. The latter commended itself to the Trustees as the most suitable place, as good depth of water can be maintained there without dredging, and it is conveniently situated in regard to mills, &c., and the Chamber of Commerce and Millowners' Association (the largest consumer of coal) having approved of the Trustees' proposal to make a coal wharf there, arrangements are being made for the prosecution of the work.

SAW MILL PROPERTY.

The Saw Mills Property cost the Trust Rs. 60,000 and Rs. 15,000 have since been realized by the sale of the materials of various old buildings on it, for which the Trustees had no use. Two of the better buildings valued at about Rs. 13,000, have been retained in case they may be required by the trade when the wharf is opened to traffic. The area of dry ground in the property measures 14,598 square yards, and there are 17,423 square yards of sea ground which will be reclaimed in making the wharf. The property was held on a lease from Government for a term of 50 years, which expires 22 years hence, with the right of renewal for a similar term, and so far the Trustees have only acquired the lessees' rights, but the property being part of the natural fore shore and being required for trade purposes, the Trustees hope Government will, in accordance with the intention of the several acts constituting the Trust, agree to permanently vest it in the Trustees.

WADI BUNDER BRIDGE.

The South Approach of the Wadi Bunder Overbridge has, under the arrangement made with Government and the Municipality, to be constructed by the Trustees. The design of this part of the work, which provides for railway communication between the Firewood compound (the proposed Grain Depot) west of the Frere Road and the Prince's Dock, has been finally approved, and entails a cash expenditure on the part of the Trustees of Rs. 1,09,109, and the occupation of land measuring 1,329 6·9 square yards, valued at Rs. 1,79,240 or, Rs. 2,18,349 in all.

THROUGH ROAD THROUGH MAZAGON.

The construction of the overbridge alone would, however, have been fruitless if the traffic was to be throttled in the existing narrow streets of Mazagon. The Trustees have therefore insisted on the construction of a good through road through Mazagon as an essential part of the scheme. After a very protracted discussion of the matter, a settlement has been arrived at, under which the Municipality agree to undertake the through road 60 feet in width from the North abutment of the proposed bridge to the Trustees' boundary at Mazagon in time to complete it simultaneously with the bridge, and also agree to similarly undertake the portion of Victoria Road extension outside the Trustees' boundary, and the Trustees, on their part, agree to provide land for and construct the South approaches of the bridge and make the northern section of the road through their properites, and, in addition, to make over the site measuring 30,287 square yards at Tank Bunder, required for a Mahomedan burial-ground valued at Rs. 151,435, and to pay in cash of about Rs. 5,500. The provider for the sites allowed to the length of roadway wanting to complete a splendid thoroughfare from the Mint to the Kala Chowki, a distance of about 4 miles, through the busiest part of the city, and to the Trade, the Mills, and populated districts beyond Mazagon, it is a work of the greatest importance.

NEW ANCHOR HOY.

Designs and estimates have been obtained for a new Anchor Hoy and are waiting the Trustees' decision as to the class of vessel that is best suited for this Port.

PROPOSED NEW LINE OF RAILWAY.

Difficulties that have arisen in dealing with the development of business in connection with the Port Trust Docks and Bunders have impressed the Trustees with the necessity for a change in some of the present arrangements, and a scheme that has recommended itself to them as a means of developing the Port Trust properties and of improving and cheapening the facilities for the large and increasing trade of the Port, is the construction of a branch line of railway, taking off the Trunk lines north of Bombay and running direct through the Trustees' Siwri, Frere Lands, Tank Bunder, and Mazagon properties, through both of the docks and along Mody Bay Bunders up to the western end of Ballard pier. The advantages such a project presents are very numerous. The improvement which would follow in the value of the Trustees' properities on the North is incidental. In addition there would be the great advantage of direct access to the Docks, Dock sheds, Warehouses, and Berths, without crossing the Frere Road South of Prince's Dock where the cart traffic is so heavy. The line would also serve future Dock extensions which must be on Mody Bay South, and by bringing the vacant lands to the North into direct railway communication with the Docks and Wharves would slove the difficulties caused by the present pressure on space, and provide room for sheds for the storage and garbling of grain, and storage space for coal, &c., in connection with sidings, and thereby very largely help in reducing the charges for handling goods. A survey of the line has been ordered and the matter will be further considered on receipt of the plans and estimates.

NEW SURVEY OF HARBOUR.

The chart showing the results of the new survey of the harbour recently made by Lieutenant Smith, R. N., has been issued and the depth of water at the anchorage of large vessels is practically the same as on the last survey. The survey did not embrace the creeks opening into the harbour which have not been surveyed since 1829. The Director of the Royal Indian Marine was unable to arrange for their survey owing to the press of more important work on the other side of the Continent, but it is expected they will be surveyed at no distant date.

CHANGES ON THE BOARD.

The death has to be recorded of Mr. S. D. Sassoon, who was the senior member of the Board, having been elected by the Chamber of Commerce when the Act of 1879 was passed, and served continuously since then. By his death the Board have lost a colleague whose opinions and advice, more especially in matters of finance, were of the greatest value and assistance to them.

Messrs. H. W. Uloth and R. S. Campbell to the regret of the Trustees resigned their places on departure to Europe; they were succeeded by Messrs. J. L. Symons and M. C. Turner. Mr. Beaufort went on leave for 6 months and the Honorable Mr. W. R. Macdonell acted for him, but has since been elected to a permanent vacancy. Captain Hext, R.N., C.I.E., went on leave for 3½ months in 1893 and again in March, 1894, and on both occasions Government appointed Captain A. Campbell, D.S.O., C.I.E., Acting Director, R.I.M., to act for him. Mr. W. C. Hughes, M. Inst. C. E., Chairman of the Board, went home during the year, on 3 months' privilege leave, when Mr. J.M. Campbell, I.C.S., C.I.E., was appointed to act for him.

CHANGES IN STAFF.

Mr. W. W. Squire, Engineer of the Trust, had six week's privilege leave from April and 12 months' leave on medical certificate from 8th September, and Mr. P. G. Messent, Assistant Engineer, was on both occasions appointed to act for him.

Mr. J. Hand, Docks' Superintendent, was allowed 3 months' privilege leave and Mr. T. Conry, Deputy Docks' Superintendent, acted for him. On 3rd April Commander M. Bean, R.I.M., resumed charge of the office of Port Officer on his return to duty.

The thanks of the Trustees are due to all their officers for the zeal and ability with which their duties have been performed. To the Engineer, Mr. Squire, and the Acting Engineer, Mr. P. G. Messent, their thanks are specially due, these officers having been most assiduous in the performance of their duties and in the investigation of the several important projects for improvements in the facilities for trade which engaged and are engaging the attention of the Trustees.

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

NEWS FROM THE FRONT.

[FROM CHINESE SOURCES.]

THE BATTLE OF THE YALOO.

Hiroshima, October 26, 8-40 p.m.

The Japanese army on the Corean frontier forced the passage of the Yaloo River after four hours desperate fighting on the morning of Thursday, 25th inst.

Prisoners brought into the Japanese lines state that there were eighteen regiments of Chinese engaged.

There were over two hundred Chinese killed and only a few Japanese.

ANOTHER VERSION.

The advance column of the First Army Corps began to cross the Yaloo River on Wednesday, the 24th inst., and on the following day, after a fight of over three hours at Fusan, near Chiu-lien-shing, on the Manchurian side of the river, won a signal victory. The opposing force, consisting of 3,500 men, was utterly routed and dispersed. Field-Marshal Yamagata remains at Wi-ju on the Corean side of the river.

JAPANESE LANDED NEAR PORT ARTHUR.

Shanghai, 27th Oct., 9-25 p.m.

Telegrams from Japan just received here state that the Japanese Army Corps, under Field-Marshal Oyama, twenty thousand strong, had landed at Ta-lien-wan Bay, 100 li (30 miles) North-East of Port Arthur. The Japanese have cut the submarine telegraph line between Port Arthur and Shanhai-kwan.

Another telegram states that the Japanese had crossed the Yaloo River, and after again defeating the Chinese troops, proceeded to Chiu-lien-cheng.

Hiroshima, Oct. 27, 9 p. m.

The Japanese army reached Chiu-lien-cheng yesterday. During the attack, which was begun at dawn from Litzuyuan, the Chinese fled unexpectedly towards Nganton. They evidently feared that the Japanese would surround them, as was done at Ping Yang. Thirty guns were captured, and a large quantity of field gun and small arm ammunition, food, fodder and three hundred tents fell into the hands of the Japanese. Two Japanese were killed out of a force of fifteen thousand, and ten prisoners were taken. The Japanese loss was twenty killed and ninety wounded.

CAPTURE OR LAND DEFENCES NEAR PORT ARTHUR.

Hiroshima, Oct. 28, 4-40 p. m.

The second division of the Japanese Army Corps under Field-Marshal Oyama landed on Wednesday at Kinchau, on the northern side of the Peninsula commanding Port Arthur. The landing was unopposed. This division is also twenty thousand stronz, and cooperates with the division landed at Ta-lien-wan on the Southern side of the Peninsula. The Japanese engineers are building piers in order to land siege guns, ammunition, &c. It will thus be seen that Port Arthur has been entirely isolated from the mainland, and that the Chinese forces there cannot possibly escape by the Peninsula. Fifteen Chinese junks laden with timber fell into the hands of the Japanese. The mortars constituting the landward defences of Port Arthur also have been captured by the Japanese.

Shanghai, Oct. 29, 10 a. m.

The Japanese army, which recently forced the Yaloo River, have captured Chiu-lien-cheng; and the (Chinese troops have retreated, through] Tong-shan-cheng, to Feng-hwang-cheng (about 8 or 10 miles N. W. of Chiu-lien-cheng).

The Japanese, under Field Marshal [Oyama, attacked and captured two forts at Ta-lien-wan, near Port Arthur. The Chinese defending the forts suffered considerable loss.

PATRIOTISM IN THE JAPANESE DIET.

Hiroshima, October 20, 4-30 p.m.

Count Ito's speech to-day in the House of Representatives on the situation was listened to in respectful silence. After a motion by a member for a secret sitting had been rejected, and a few questions had been asked by a Kaishin-to member, the House passed the War Budget (one hundred and fifty million yen) without debate and without one dissentient voice amid cheers, clapping of hands, and great enthusiasm.

Hiroshima, October 21, 5-20 p.m.

The war budget voted yesterday by the House of Representatives was passed unanimously in the House of Peers this afternoon. The House of Representatives to-day voted an Address to the Throne, expressing gratitude for His Majesty's unceasing personal attention to the affairs of the war; a representation to the Government, exhorting it to display its utmost exertions to carry out the Imperial pleasure in connection with the war, and a vote of Thanks to the Army and the Navy.

All the Bills having been disposed of, notice has just now been given that the ceremony of closing the Diet will take place to-morrow morning, and that the Imperial Household Department will, by His Majesty's order, give an entertainment to the high officials and the members of both houses.

THE DEFENCES OF THE CANTON RIVER.

The *Chinese Mail* (*Wah Tsz Yat Po*) says that warlike preparations are still being actively taken by Viceroy Li Han Chang, in the Kwangtung Province. Besides placing a strong guard at the North-East gate of Canton, he has ordered a hundred picked soldiers from various battalions to be sent to him specially for guarding the Viceregal Yamen. With regard to the blockade of the Canton River, he considers that the torpedo mines that have recently been laid down about Bocca Tigris inefficient for the purpose, and has now ordered that wood, stones, iron chains, and pipes, &c., be sunk in the river, leaving only a narrow passage wide enough for one vessel to pass through at a time, which work is to be commenced on the 31st instant.

Turning his attention to the sinews of war, he has, besides negotiating a loan of 5,000,000 taels with the leading merchants, ordered the seventy-three guilds in Canton to pay lekin to swell the war fund.

COWARDICE AND GALLANTRY.

We understand, from private advices from the north, that the *Chi-Yuen* was expected to be ready for sea again about this date. The vessels that escaped from the engagement off the Yaloo were not very seriously damaged about the hull, the shot and shell from the Japanese ships being aimed too high apparently in the majority of instances. Their upper structures are pretty well smashed, but that means nothing. One thing was evident at Port Arthur above everything else—that was that the officers and sailors did not seem very anxious to get their ships refitted for sea. For more than a fortnight after the fight the wrecked state allowed to lie about, and on board the Tingyuen a decomposed body was discovered nearly a fortnight after. And the Tingyuen is one of the crack ships of the Chinese navy! Nothing more disgusting or likely to knock the heart out of a man could be imagined. If Captain Lang could see the Chinese navy now he would be chary of airing his opinions of it in the London press. The vessels that were lost might have been saved had it not been for cowardice and want of discipline. The Kingyuen was not sunk by the Japanese, but was simply allowed to burn out. A shell from a hostile ship struck her wood work, setting it on fire. It was only a small affair and could have been easily extinguished with a few buckets of water. But no fire brigade had been organised on board, and everybody bolted away as far as they could till the fire spread over the whole ship. The Laiyuen was lost through want of proper organisation and discipline. Had it not been for the personal gallantry of Von Hannecken and Mr. Albrecht the Tingyuen would also have been lost or else badly crippled. A shell struck her near the lazarette, right in the bow of the ship, and set some small things on fire. Everybody bolted. The fire gained ground rapidly. It was in close proximity to the forward torpedo room. Almost in less time than it takes to tell it, the smoke spread like a pall over the apparently doomed vessel. Every thing from so upset that nobody thought of fighting the ship. Albrecht, however, by personal example mostly, got the pumps at work, and stood there amidst the shot and shell directing the jet of water until he had well-nigh flooded the room. It was a rare piece of gallantry, and had it occurred on a British or foreign man-of-war would have earned for him the highest honours.

HONOURS FOR EUROPEANS.

The *Chinese Mail* (*Wah Tsz Yat Po*) is in receipt of a telegraphic Imperial Edict from Peking, dated the 23rd instant, recognising the distinguished services rendered by the naval officers in the late naval battle. On the representation from Li Hung Chang, Commodore Lew Poo Chin, Captain of the Tingyuen, land Commodore Liu Tai Tsan, captain of the Chen Yuen, are to be given brevet ranks, and Admiral Ting lu Chang is to recommended to the Boards for favourable consideration. Many of the minor officers are having their share of the honours. Major Von Hannecken is to receive the rank of admiral in addition to the honours already conferred on him.

[FROM JAPANESE SOURCES.]

The *Nichi Nichi* publishes a telegram from Shanghai to the effect that the Chinese Government, fearing a Japanese attack upon Peking, has called together an army of 150,000 men for the defence of that city. It is supposed that there are always 100,000 of the Banner Army in the capital, so the figure now mentioned is nothing extraordinary.

Gradually the allegation that Japan lost four vessels in the naval engagement on the 17th of September is forfeiting all hold on public faith. One of the firmest believers in the story originally was the *Japan Gazette*, and now that journal wants to know how the *North-China Daily News* will "climb down" from the same pedestal of credulity. It is only three days since the *Japan Gazette*, in a foot-note to a correspondent's letter, plainly implied its belief that the Naniwa Kan is lost. It has now, so far as we know, "climbed down" from that suggestion yet. On the contrary, it repeats it in its last issue. If so much "climbing down" remains to be done, we recommend that the two journals should help each other, lest the descent prove too shocking for both.

The fabricators of canards now suggest that as Major Von Hannecken was on board the iron-clad Chen-yuen during the fight on the 17th of September, and as he had a special grudge against the Naniwa Kan, he doubtless trained his guns so as to do her fatal injury. They have not the courage to say outright that they believe the Naniwa to have been sunk, but they write so that no other inference is possible. "Von Hannecken, we are told, "is an artillerist, with tremendous nerve and a high reputation. Is it possible that he should desire to wipe off old scores with the Naniwa and yet train his guns so badly that not a single tar was hurt, nor a single paint scratched?" We pass over the fact that an officer of Major Von Hannecken's rank—a Vice-Admiral, or Major-General, we believe, in the Chinese service—was not at all likely to be engaged laying guns during the fight on the 17th Sept. Even granting, however, that there were twenty Hanneckens on board the Chen-yuen, and that they all sought to "wipe off old scores with the Naniwa," do the sensation-mongers really imagine that in the Japanese Navy, of to-day a naval or military commanding officer could venture to report to his Government that in a certain fight he had lost no ship, though in reality he had lost one of the finest vessels in the Japanese Navy, a steel cruiser of over three thousand tons? Nothing, could more forcibly illustrate those persons' extreme ignorance of Japan and the Japanese as they are at present.

Commander Mukoyama of the Matsushima Kan is reported by the *Fiji Shimpo* as speaking in the highest terms of a certain warrant-officer and a fourth class marine serving on board that ship in the engagement on the 17th of September. These two men were in charge of the principal powder magazine during the fight, and the coolness and inirepidity displayed by them when the ship was on fire are said to have been very remarkable. Another marine who had received ten wounds and whose face was a mass of scars from the conflagration, was on the verge of death as Commander Mukoyama happened to pass. "Has not the Tingyuen sunk yet?" asked the dying man. "Do not be concerned," the officer answered, "the Tingyuen is incapacitated for further action and we are about to attack the Chen-yuen now." Thereupon the man smiled, and gasping out, "Be avenged on her," breathed his last. That is the spirit that wins battles. It is related of a certain Hashiguchi Tojiro, who served in the Akagi Kan, that his last words—like those of the marine alluded to above—were, "Has the Tingyuen sunk yet?" and that on being informed that she was badly injured, he died crying "Finish her off."

There appears to be some uncertainty about the point to which the Japanese army in Korea has made its way. The *Nichi Nichi Shimbun* says that, some five or six days, ago it received intelligence to the effect that the Chinese forces in the neighbourhood of Wi-ju had retreated across the Yalu river on learning of the fall of Pyong-yang, and that no vestige of the enemy remained in Korea. But information now furnished from a trustworthy quarter is to the effect that a body of the enemy's troops has crossed again to the south bank of the Yalu, and is there making preparations to oppose the Japanese advance. News purporting to be still later is published by the *Kokkai*. It is that the van of the Fourth Division crossed the Yalu at a point some distance above Wi-ju and took up a position within Manchuria, unoccupied by the enemy; that other bodies of troops followed, and that the whole Division is now in Manchuria. We give this solely on the authority of the *Kokkai*. The same journal says that the Chinese forces in Wi-ju have been divided into two bodies, of which one has been posted at a place, the name of which is denoted by asterisks, and the other lies concealed in the millet farther down the river. Our contemporary adds that a battle may take place at any moment, and also that a naval engagement in the Gulf of Pechili is imminent.

The *Fiji Shimpo* says that four more guns have been captured at Pyong-yang, bringing the total taken there to 28. They consist of Krupp field and mountain pieces, Gatlings, and Nordenfelds.

Intelligence was yesterday published in Tokyo that a body of Japanese troops had landed at Chefoo on the 6th instant. The news was said to have come direct to Nagasaki on the 7th, an obvious impossibility. We see no reason at present to credit any such operation.

The *Fiji Shimpo*, writing on the same subject, says that the reserves still available to the Government aggregate over ten million yen, to which if we add the sum just raised, we have a total of 40 millions.

The *Fiji Shimpo* says that since Sept. 17th nothing has been heard of Captain Tang of the Chih-yuen, Captain Lin of the King-yuen, Captain Li of the Yang-wei, and Captain Wang of the Chao-yung. It is believed in China that they are dead. Our contemporary seems to place no reliance on the story that Captain Tang of the Chih-yuen escaped to Wei-hai-wei after the sinking of his ship.

The *Fiji Shimpo* believes that two of the Chinese torpedo-boats were sunk in the fight on the 17th ultimo. The Japanese naval officers reported that they had fired several times at the enemy's torpedo-boats, and that they must have hit them, but they were unable to determine whether their shots had any fatal effect.

"TRUTH" ON MATTERS INDIAN.

A characteristic piece of meanness has just been perpetrated by the Indian financial authorities at the expense of the Army pensioners dependent on their bounty. Early in February, the official rate of exchange for the first quarter of the financial year was fixed at Is. 3¼d., but in May it was revised and reduced to Is.2½d., and at the same time it was ordered that where soldiers had been paid at the higher rate, they should receive the penny difference. The authorities concerned, however, decided that the last proviso did not apply to pensions for the first quarter of the year. The contention looks untenably on the face of it, for in the second quarter a further reduction in the official rate took place; but apart from that, it is the very height of shabbiness for a Government to attempt to screw a profit out of a few humble individuals in the Army pensioners by adhering to a scale which it has virtually admitted was unfair. If anything, a point should be strained in favour of the pensioners, not against them.

I have been severely taken to task by one of my native readers in India, a gentleman who wields a very fluent pen, for having changed my attitude, and deserted the Indian taxpayer, in certain remarks which appeared in *Truth* some two months back on the exchange compensation question. This charge can only be based on a misapprehension of my attitude from the beginning. The particular remarks which have excited my Indian friend's indignation should be read in the connection in which they occurred. Somebody asked why, if Government officials had a claim on the Government for compensation, non-official subjects, who also suffer by the fall of the rupee, had not an equal claim. Not seeing any answer at the moment, I propounded the problem in *Truth*. A correspondent then drew for my benefit two distinctions between the position of the servants of the Government and its other subjects. These I gave. They may not have been flattering to the Government servants, but I thought, and still think, that they afforded a reason for distinguishing between Government servants and the non-official classes. It by no means follows that I justify the further taxing of India for the relief of Government servants, but I am bound to say that I have no much sympathy for the Government servant in his plight as for the taxpayer in *his*.

There was an exceptional degree of sickness, I hear, at Quetta during the summer months, and few men in the garrison escaped a turn of fever. It is, I believe, a fact that the Quetta barracks are simply mud buildings of the most primitive type, and it is not to be expected that the place can be healthy while the troops are housed in this disgraceful style. Had the vast sums which have been lavished on the new church at this station been devoted to improving the barrack accommodation, the result would have been more in accordance with religion as well as with common sense.

It is not only in India, I find that "Tommy" is liable to be deprived of sitting accommodation in barracks, whenever festivities or entertainments are in progress. From a battalion of Guards at Windsor I here that it is a regular thing to call the chairs to be taken from the library, and all the benches from the barrack-room and the coffee-bar, on the occasion of the Sergeants' dances, which are held twice a week. The seats are removed about 6 p.m. on these occasions, and not returned till after breakfast next morning, and in the meantime the soldiers have to stand or squat upon the floor. This is a most unwarrantable and impudent proceeding wherever it occurs, and Commanding Officers ought to put a stop to it.—*Truth*.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 15th November, 1894.
Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	30·036
Temperature of the Air	78·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·4
Dew Point	59·1
Relative humidity of Air	0·66
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10) ...	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 2 a.m. next day)	84·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 6 a.m.) ...	67·5
General Direction of wind	E. ENE. NNW
Movement or Wind in 24 hours	238

INDIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

IT is very easy for the Government of India to bring itself into discredit by its transfrontier policy. On the death of either of the

BRIGHT LUXURIOUS TOBACCO FOR CIGARETTES.
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ALLSOPP'S EXTRA STOUT only requires to be known to become as popular as Allsopp's Pale Ale.

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BOMBAY .... }
CALCUTTA ...... }
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KURRACHEE... MR. H. J. RUSTOMJEE.
COCHIN .... }
CALICUT......... } MESSRS. PIERCE, LESLIE & Co.
TELLICHERRY }
COLOMBO ...... MESSRS. BRODIE & Co.

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KINAHAN'S LL & GLENISLE WHISKIES
KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY,
The Cream of Old Irish Whisky.
Pure, Mild and Mellow, Delicious and very Wholesome.
Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.
KINAHAN'S GLENISLE WHISKY
THE FINEST SCOTCH WHISKY SOLD.
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FINEST BUTTER SUBSTITUTE
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Margarine Mixture.
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1889
In TINS, 1 lb., 2 lbs., 4 lbs., 7 lbs., 14 lbs., and 28 lbs.
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"Cadbury's"
PURE. ECONOMICAL. REFRESHING.
"The Typical Cocoa of English Manufacture,"
"Absolutely Pure."—*The Analyst.*
"We have examined the samples brought"
"under our notice and find that they are genuine,"
"and that the Cocoa Essence is just what it is"
"declared to be by Cadbury Brothers."—*Lancet.*
NO CHEMICALS USED
(As in many of the so-called Pure Foreign Cocoas).

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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL
THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
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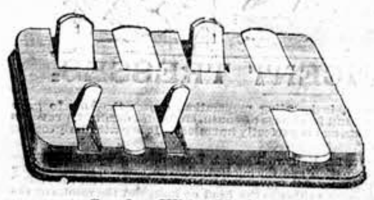
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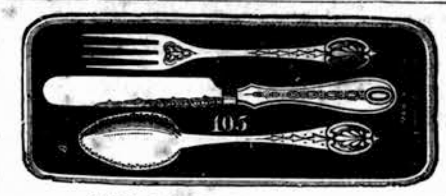
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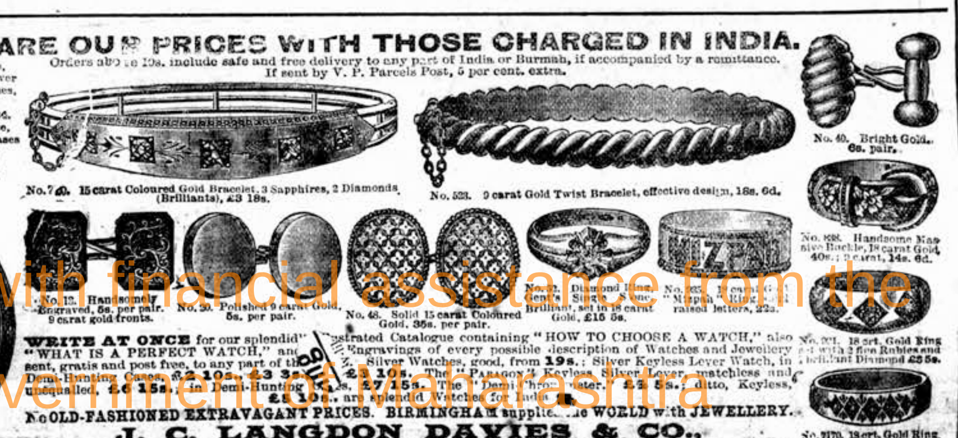
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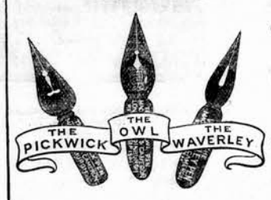

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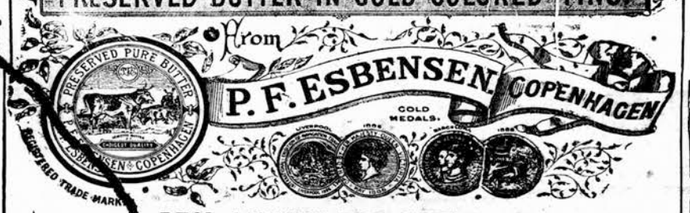

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